# Amateur Radio



# **MAGRATHS**

AUSTRALIA'S LEADING RADIO HOUSE FOR VITAL TELEVISION COMPONENTS AND PARTS!

We are Australian Agents for these ENGLISH T.V. Manufacturing Companies-Whiteley Electrical Ltd., Sydney S. Bird and H.V. Enthoyen. To keep abreast with the latest T.V. developments in Australia, we invite you to register your name with us. We will then mail you progressive reports on our newest components.

At the present moment we can offer you the following:-

- PICTURE TUBES
- OUTDOOR AND INDOOR ANTENNAS
- · VIDEO AND LF. COUPLING AND TRAP COILS NEUTRALISING AND COMPENSATION COILS
- · AERIAL AND MIXER COILS
- FILAMENT CHOKES AND TRIMMER CONDENSERS · POWER AND I.F. TRANSFORMERS
- I.F. CHASSIS ASSEMBLIES, ETC.

ILLUSTRATED HERE (top to bottom) LINE E.H.T. CHASSIS ASSEMBLY DEFLECTION AND FOCUSING ASSEMBLY TURRET TUNER

All prices on application,

1st FLOOR, 208 LITTLE LONSDALE STREET. MELBOURNE, VIC. Phone: FB 3731

Open Saturday mornings, too.



# "HAM" RADIO SUPPLIERS

# 5A MELVILLE STREET, HAWTHORN, VICTORIA

North Balwyn Tram Passes Corner, near Vogue Theatre. Phone: WA 6465 Money Orders and Postal Notes payable North Hawthorn P.O. Packing Charge on all goods over 10 lbs, in weight, 5/- extra

## NOTE THESE VALVE PRICES!

110		TITLE		I ICICIED
	Look at	these Bargain	Priced NEW V.	ALVES-
1A5		6K8GT 15/-		
1B5	2/6	6L7 10/-		1625 £1
1H5	10/-	6L7G 7/6		
1K4	5/-	6N7 10/-	12SJ7 10/-	6146 70/-
1K5	10/-	6N8 15/-	12SK7 10/-	
2A3	10/-	6Q7G 5/-	12SQ7 2/6	EN31 10/-
	10/-	6R7G 10/-		
	60/-	6SC7 10/-		
3Q5	5/-	6SF7 12/6	807 20/-	VR90 15/-
6B8	15/-	6SJ7GT 12/6	815 50/-	VR100 5/-
6C8	7/6	6SK7GT 12/6	830B 45/-	VR101 5/-
6E5	10/-	6SS7 12/6	834 £1	VR102 5/-
6F6	10/-	6U7 10/-	884 £1	VR103 5/-
6J8G	10/-	6Y6 7/6	902 45/-	VT50 2/6
6K6	7/6	7A6 5/-	954 10/-	VT51 2/6
6K7G		7C7 2/6		VT52 10/-
Englis	h VT127	(4v. power pe	ent., 20 watt, oc	tal base), 4/11
Full	stocks o	of New Valves	available. Price:	s on request.
	Followi	ing list are ex	Disposals, guara	nteed—

.. .. 5/-1K5 5U4 ... 12/6 6G8 10/-6U7 .. .. 5/-6AC7 5/-12A6 10/-1K7 SHS 1L4 .... 5/-6AG5 10/-10/-12K8 10/-185 6C5 .. .. 10/-6SK7G 10/-1625 15/-.. . 10/-6C6 1T4 5/-681.7 12/6 CV92 15/-5/-6SN7 7/6 FF50 5/-3A4 .... 5/-

#### THIS MONTH'S SPECIALS VALVES: 6AG7 15/-, 6G8G, 6K8G, 7C5 10/-,

832 50/- each.

American BC966A I.F.F. Units, brand new. These units contain three 7193s, seven 6SH7s, three 6H6s, 10-point Jones plus and socket, four P.M.G. type relays, ceramicon trimmer, 7-plate split-stator midget condenser, as well as a large assortment of resistors and condensers, v.h.f. chokes, and sockets. Complete with genemotor, control box and cables in wooden packing case; no packing charge .... £6/10/-As above but less the genemotor ....

Filament Transformers, 10v, 3 amp., 12.6v, 2 amp., 6.3v, at 300 Ma., brand new

Filament Trans.: 230v. input; 3 taps 4v., 2 taps 4½v., 1 tap 5v. 1 tap 6.3v., 1 tap 12v., 1 tap 18v., at 10 amps., new, .... Filament Trans.: 230v. input; 2 taps 8.5v. at 8 amps. 35/-2.5v. or 4v. Filament Transformers 15/- each

Filament Transformer, 10v. 3 amp., 5v. 2 amp., brand new, 30/-Transformers, high amp, low voltage. Input volts 230, output volts 13-13.5-14-15, at sixty amps. £5 tep-down Transformers, 230v. to 80v.-90v.-100v. at 2.5 amp.

£2/10/-Brand new Bendix RA1B Power Supplies, 240 volt AC, 24v. at 1 amp. output 250v. HT £5 each

output 250v. HT £5 each Genemotor Power Supply, Type 16 SCR522, 24v. input, 150v. and 300v. output at 300 Ma. Includes relay, voltage regula-tor, etc. A gift at £1. Too heavy for postage. Packing 5/-. English Filter Chokes, small type, 40 Ma., 100 ohm resist. 3/6

2 uF. 1000v. block type Chanex Condensers 12/6 4 uF. 1000v. block type Chanex Condensers 12/6 4 uF. 1500v. block type Condensers

Neon Indicators, B.C. base ...

American Loran Indicator 6B-APN4. Contains 26 valves, including 14 6SN7, 2 6SL7Gs, 7 6H6s, 1 6SJ7 and 5CP1 C.R.O. tube. Less 100 Kc. crystal, no packing charge American Loran Receiver R9A-APN4, 16 valves. Part of Loran

Indicator. Equipment contains 3 6B4s, 1 5U4, 1 VR105, 2 2X2s. 1 6SJ7, 4 6SK7s, 1 6H6, 1 6SN7, 1 6SL7, 1 6SA7, lots useful parts. New in case. No packing charge. Gift at £7/10/-AT5 Transmitters, less valves and dust covers £3

2/6

15/

SCR522 American Transceiver. Frequency: 100 to 150 Mc. In clean condition, less valves ... Command Receiver Right-angle Drives ... Command Receiver Flexible Drives, 12 ft. long Command Modulator Chassis, less Valves

Philips Signal Generator TA101C, covers 150 Kc, to 25 Mc, with five-band turret, less Calibration Charts, to clear ..... Co-ax Cable, 50 ohm, any length .... 1/9 vard Co-ax Cable, 100 ohm, any length .... ... 2/- yard Co-ax, indoor type, cotton covered ... .... 1/- yard Co-ax Plugs and Sockets, American Ampenol

5/- pair Locktal Sockets ... Valve Sockets, ceramic, 5-pin .... English Carbon Mike Transformers, new

English Carbon Mike Transformers, new Metern—4-95 micransp., scale 0-250v, and 0-120v, 45/-40v, 45/-40

Meters-0-20v., 5 Ma. movement, 2" square type, new Meters-0-20v., A.C. 21" round type, new .... New 1956 Australian Call Books now available .... 4/6 each

W.I.A. Log Books, 96 pages-48 ruled and 48 plain, 4/6 each STOCK OF CRYSTALS

3.5 Mc. Marker Crystals, latest miniature type complete with socket

Amateur Band Crystals, any frequency .... Gold Plated Marker and Commercial Crystals, price on request. Delivery in seven days.

Following is a list of Crystal Frequencies available for immediate delivery. £2 each-

p 5v.,	2081.2 Kc.	5655.555 Kc.	7021.5 Kc.	7075 Kc.	7725 Kc.
50/-	2103.1 Kc.	5677.777 Kc.	7021.715 Kc.	7077 Kc.	8009 Kc.
35/-	2112.5 Kc.	5700 Kc.	7024 Kc.	7080 Kc	8011 Kc.
each	2208.1 Kc.	5722 222 Kc.	7025 Kc.	7100 Kc.	8155.714 Kc.
30/-	3382.5 Kc.	5744.444 Kc.	7028 Kc.	7106.7 Kc.	8161.538 Kc.
out-	3500 Kc.	5750 Kc.	7032 Kc.	7110 Kc.	8171.25 Kc.
. £5	3535 Kc.	5892.5 Kc.	7032.6 Kc.	7120 Kc.	8176.923 Kc.
amp.	4096.6 Kc.	6450 Kc.	7035 Kc.	7121 Kc.	8182.5 Kc.
/10/-	4285 Kc.	6850 Kc.	7040 Kc.	7125 Kc.	8183.5 Kc.
amp.	4495 Kc.	7004 Kc.	7042.65 Kc.	7126 Kc.	8317.2 Kc.
each	4535 Kc.	7005 Kc.	7045 Kc.	7130 Kc.	8320 Kc.
150v.	4540 Kc.	7010 Kc.	7047 Kc.	7134 Kc.	10.511 Mc.
gula-	5000 Kc.	7010.7 Kc.	7050 Kc.	7140 Kc.	10.515 Mc.
5/	5050 Kc.	7011.5 Kc.	7053.5 Kc.	7145 Kc.	10.524 Mc.
. 3/6	5300 Kc.	7011.75 Kc.	7063 Kc.	7150 Kc.	10.530 Mc.
12/6	5360 Kc.	7012 Kc.	7064 Kc.	7156 Kc.	10.5465 Me.
12/6	5456 Ke.	7016 Kc.	7068 Kc.	7162.5 Kc.	10.556 Mc.
17/6	5530 Kc.	7018 Kc.	7072 Kc.	7174 Kc.	12.803 Mc.
2/6	5633,333 Kc.	7021 Kc.	7073 5 Kc.	7175 Kc.	12.915 Mc.
. 2/0	3633.333 A.C.	7021 NC.	1013.3 NC.	1113 Kc.	12.915 Mc.

#### EDITOR:

J. G. MARSLAND, VK3NY.

ASSOCIATE EDITOR: R. W. HIGGINBOTHAM, VK3RN.

TECHNICAL EDITOR: K. E. PINCOTT, VK3AFJ.

#### TECHNICAL STAFF:

- J. C. DUNCAN, VK3VZ. D. A. NORMAN, VK3UC.
- R. S. FISHER, VK3OM.
- A E MORRISON, VK4MA

#### ADVERTISING REPRESENTATIVE:

BEATRICE TOUZEAU, 96 Collins St., Melbourne, C.1. Telephone: MF 4505

PRINTERS: "RICHMOND CHRONICLE," Shakespeare St., Richmond, E.1. Telephone: JB 2419.

MSS. and Magazine Correspondence should be forwarded to the Editor, "Amateur Radio," C.O.R. House, 191 Queen Street, Melbourne, C.1, on or before the 8th of each month.

Subscription rate in Australia is 12/- per annum, in advance (post paid) and A15/- in all other countries.

Wireless Institute of Australia (Victorian Division) Rooms' Phone Number is MY 1087.

#### WI BROADCASTS

All Amateurs are urged to keep these frequencies clear during, and for a period of 15 minutes after, the official Broadcasts.

VK2WI: Sundays, 1100 hours EST, 7146 Kc. and 2000 hours EST 56 and 144 Mc. No frequency checks available from VK2WI. Intrastate working frequency, 7125 Kc.

VKSWI: Sundays, 1130 hours EST, simultan-cously on 3573 and 7146 Kc., 56.6 and 146.25 Mc. Intrastate working frequency 7135 Kc. Individual frequency checks of Amateur Stations given when VK3WI is on the air.

VK4WI: Sundays, 6900 hours EST, simultan-eously on 3560 and 14342 Kc. 3350 Kc. channel is used from 6915 hours to 1015 hours each Sunday for the W.I.A. Country hook-up. No frequency checks available.

VK5WI: Sundays, 1000 hours SAST, on 7146 Kc. Frequency checks are given by VK5MD and VK5WI by arrangements on all bands to 56 Mc.

VK6WI: Sundays, 0930 hours WAST, on 7146 Kc. No frequency checks available. VK7WI: Sundays, at 1000 hours EST, on 7146 Kc. and 3672 Kc. No frequency checks are available.

VK9WI: Sundays, 1000 hours EST, simultan-eously on 3.5, 7, 14 and 144 Mc. Individual frequency checks of Amateur Stations given when VK9WI is on the air.

# AMATEUR RADIO

JOURNAL OF THE WIRELESS INSTITUTE OF AUSTRALIA

Published by the Wireless Institute of Australia. C.O.R. House, 191 Queen Street, Melbourne, C.1.

#### EDITORIAL.

#### TO REPRESENT OR NOT TO REPRESENT

The report in the July issue of the R.S.G.B. Bulletin on the results of the Stresa Conference in Italy brings to notice a matter which is of some concern to your Executive. How is the W.I.A. represented at the next I.T.U. Radio Conference which ap-pears to be scheduled for 1959 with Geneva the likely venue?

It is obvious from the report on the Stresa Conference, that Region ine suresa Conference, that Region 1 is well organised, constitutionally and financially, and furthermore, that they will be well represented at the LT.U. Conference when the time comes. But what of our Region—Region 3? It is certain that everyone will agree that we must have some sort of representation but preferably sort of representation but preferably by a well briefed Amateur and not by proxy. The determination reached at the 1947 Atlantic City Conference made it all too clear that at future Conferences we would have to stoutly defend our hard-won privileges, and with the increasing clamour by commercials and others for more and more frequencies, the next Confer-ence will be an even tougher proposition.

How then is it best to achieve the How then is it best to achieve the representation we must have? There are several methods that may be adopted—one of proxy—by briefing say another member society such as the R.S.G.B. who will be present. This method, however, is not entirely satisfactory in that they will have their own problems peculiar to Re-gion 1 to attend to and could not be fully informed of our attitude to certain problems that may arise. The second method could be a briefing of our Administration's representatives which again could not be entirely satisfactory for the same reasons. A third way might be that one of our members may fortuitously be on vacation in Europe where he may find the time to attend and put our viewpoint.

None of the above methods could be 100 per cent. effective, and the remaining and only sure way of effec-tive representation would be for the Institute to send a fully briefed and accredited delegate especially to the Conference. This, of course, more than any of the other methods, means finance of some magnitude. Executive has been considering this problem for some time in an endeav-our to find the simplest and cheapest our to find the simplest and cheapest method, but inevitably the finances of such a venture will fall largely on the Divisions. If we are to be effectively represented and if we consider tively represented and if we consider our privileges worth fighting for, now is the time to commence think-ing and planning. If we don't face the obvious facts, we cannot but blame ourselves for our apathy and for the often unpleasant decisions made which our united effort of proper delegation may have pre-

FEDERAL EXECUTIVE.

#### THE CONTENTS

vented.

Analysis of World-Wide Ionos-pheric Propagation to and from Australia, 1953-54 Pulse Theory—Part Two
Understanding Television Interference Low-Pass Filter Home-Building

Television Permits .... 15 S.w.l. Section .... DX Activity by VK3AHH .... 17

Prediction Chart for October, '56 17 YL Corner 18
Fifty-Six Megacycles and Above 19
Federal, QSL, and Divisional Notes 20 Correspondence 24

# Analysis of World-Wide Ionospheric Propagation to and from Australia, 1953-54

BY HANS J. ALBRECHT,\* VK3AHH

INTRODUCTION

THE principles of ionospheric propa-

ation have been known for some time and research work during the last two decades has resulted in mechanism of the fonesphere, as far as short-wave propagation is concerned, as the concerned of the control of the concerned of t

of ionospheric propagation are not amiss. Let us recall that the MULF, is defined as the critical frequency, i.e. the maximal and the modern control of th

The relative sunspot number can be predicted for several months in advance, cycle, derived from all previous cycles which have so for been observed. Thus a forecast of conditions can be obstructed value of the MUFs, at two circuit control points—about 1,255 miles from the control points—about 1,255 miles from of the entire circuit. This forecast is regularly published in the form of pre-the world. Each month the forecast of propagation to and from Australia is also also the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to and from Australia is also months of the control propagation to an expect the control propagation to an experimental propagation to a control prop

The LUF, can be assumed to be mainly governed by ionospheric absorption, atmospheric noise level, and the complicated due to the number of factors involved. While it is not intended be mentioned that the ionospheric absorption is a function of the ionisation in thomospheric regions, and that approximate the complex of t

tralian Ionospheric Prediction Service in the monthly prediction charged in the monthly prediction charged proposed in the proposed proposed in the prediction of the predicti

USING AMATEUR OBSERVATIONS Ever since radio was established as a means of communication, Radio Amateurs have greatly contributed to the progress in this research field. And, referring to the early development, the physicist Heinrich Hertz would not have made his fundamental discovery (1888)

without that mixture of scientific skill, experimental knowledge, and technical curiosity, which has always been characteristic of Radio

terest of the Radio Amateur lies, as a rule, more in the scientific line. While the problem of communication engineering is the reliable contact between two or more stations, irrespective of the operating frequency. Amateur operators are not restricted in their experiments as long as they confine their transmissions to the bands allotted to them, and

The control of the co

short-wave range is usually covered.
Another advantage of using Amateur
observations is the fact that the experienced DX operator is able to observe
the existence of propagation down to
more pronounced with C.w. transmissions which allow intelligible reception
even with signals much weaker than
the minimum signal level required for
readable double-side-band telephony.

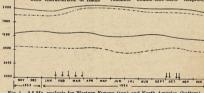


Fig. 1.—3.5 Mc. analysis for Western Europe (top) and North America (bottom), centred on Eastern Australia. Arrows indicate contest dates.

Amateurs. And Guglielmo Marcotti, who later succeeded in establishing the fiscontact across the Atlantic Ocean, began his career as an Amateur. In the early 1920's, the discovery of world-wide communication by short waves was a milestone in the history of Radio and of Amateur Radio.

Even today, Amateur observations can be very useful for research if they are interpreted or they are completed or they are considered or

For this reason, Amateur DX observations obtained in c.w. are more conclusive. The second-best type of emission is single-side-band telephony. Nevertheless, disadvantages are also

encountered when using Ametur observations for research work. Amateur Radio being a hobby, the Amateur canrell the second of the second of the unsuitable to him, unless he has special interests in propagation investigations, account when evaluating Amateur reports. Thus few Amateurs operate count when evaluating Amateur reports. Thus few Amateurs operate to the control of the control of the activity reaches a peak. However, during contests and this is one reason for the usefulness of DX contests. Another disadvantings may be the secucircles. But Amateurs who are interested in DX work and keep in touch with this branch of Amateur Radio will usually be found to be enthusiastic and reliable co-workers. Speaking of reliability, there is no reason why there should be any difference in reliability between reports of human research workers and those of human Amateur operators.

#### PROPAGATION ANALYSIS

Making use of his position as DX-Ed., the author felt that a useful contribution could be made to ionospheric propagation research by an analysis of world-wide propagation conditions to and from Australia, based on observa-tions by Radio Amateurs located in all parts of Australia. From the standpoint of research, the conditions during the sunspot minimum are of particular interest, because they make it possible to separate, to some extent, the different factors involved which at other times overlap each other. The last sunspot minimum having occurred around April/May 1954, this analysis covers the period from November 1953 to Decem-

As a check of predictions during this period is one of the main tasks of the analysis, the predictions published by Ionospheric Prediction Service are used as a basis of discussion, as long as forecasts were available for the band concerned. It must be men-

tioned that these predic-tions are expected to be correct for fifty per cent.

Commencement of opening, observed:

End of opening, observed:

Commencement of opening, predicted:

End of opening, predicted:

Ionospheric disturbances have not been taken into account as we are of overall propagation conditions. Likewise, sporadic E openings have not been considered, which is quite permissible as long-distance propagation within the range 3 to 30 Mc. is not supposed to be greatly affected by sporadic E With regard to the above-mentioned importance of DX contests, the dates of the following DX contests are indicated by arrows in the analysis charts B.E.R.U., A.R.R.L., VK/ZL, and "CQ World-Wide.

#### THE 3.5 Mc. BAND

Conditions on this band generally depend on ionospheric absorption and noise, and are thus controlled by the L.U.F. Openings can only be expected LUF. Openings can only be expected when the ionisation density has reached a sufficiently low value. It may be added that overseas conditions on this band are said to be affected by the sunspot activity insofar as the communication is more reliable during the sun-spot minimum. Fig. 1 illustrates band openings to Western Europe and the North American continent, centred on

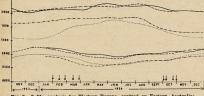


Fig. 2 .- 7 Mc. analysis for Western Europe, centred on Eastern Australia; short path (top) and long path (bottom). Arrows indicate contest dates.

of the days during a month. Small discrepancies can therefore be explained. variations of conditions towards certain continents, the axes representing the time in G.M.T. and the months, respec-tively. This is the usual type of presentation when long-term research work is involved. It allows an examination to be made of conditions during the entire period under discussion.

The openings shown are based on the propagation reports published by the author each month. This monthly report in fact results from the evaluation of reports received from Radio Amateurs, in addition to observations at VK3AHH, and covers the month in question. Different kinds of curves have been utilised to present the results, namely:

Eastern Australia. The upper curves depict the short-path opening to Western Europe, while the lower curves indicate the period of North American conditions. Openings to other parts of the world were found to be somewhat inconsistent and are therefore not conclusive enough for a useful analysis. A comparison between predictions and observations is possible because pre-dictions were not available for this band. This analysis chart is largely based on the author's own observations and overseas contacts, which amounted, during the period November 1953 to December 1954, to more than ninety with stations in North America, on Eastern Pacific Islands, and in Western

It is of interest to note that long-path openings between Western Europe and Eastern Australia were found to be impossible, although New Zealand stations were capable of hearing and contacting European stations without difficulty. An Amateur station on Macquarie Island also reported hearing European stations over the long path. As 80 metre openings depend on the absorption in the ionosphere, these observations seem to confirm that, at the time concerned (around 0800-0900z), the ionospheric absorption was still too high in Eastern Australia.

#### THE 7 Mc. BAND Due to the conditions prevailing dur-

ing the sunspot minimum, this band was rightly regarded as the Amateur band with the most reliable and consistent conditions to all parts of the globe. Although analysis charts are conclusive for propagation conditions to all continents, the chart published in Fig. 2 refers to long-path and short-path openings to Western Europe only. The chart is again centred on Eastern Australia. As conditions generally were in agreement with predictions, other charts would only use up valuable space. The upper and lower sets of curves indicate open-ings on the short path and long path, respectively.

Discrepancies between predictions and observations may be explained as fol-lows. As mentioned above, Amateurs cannot be expected to keep a constant watch on bands between 0000 and 0600 local time, which, for Eastern Australia, corresponds to 1400-2000z. This means that the commencement of the shortpath opening as observed may not be entirely representative of the real time. The end of this opening shows a fair agreement between predictions and observations. Predictions and observations of the long-path opening follow the same pattern throughout. However, the months January to June 1954 indicate a period longer than predicted, this effect being pronounced during March, April, and May. It must be remembered that the predictions are supposed to be accurate for only fifty per cent. of the days in a month, and that L.U.F. forecasts are more complex and, to a certain extent, less reliable than other factors.
Unless one likes to correlate this discrepancy with the actual sunspot minimum, which occurred in April, it may be explained by the fact that skilled DX operators are capable of hearing stations when normal communication has ceased because of weak signals.

#### THE 14 Mc. BAND Throughout the period under review

the propagation conditions on this band were not as reliable as at other times of the sunspot cycle. However, each month contacts were possible with all continents. To illustrate the behaviour of world-wide propagation, analysis charts in Figs. 3 and 4 depict conditions to the North American continent, centred on Eastern Australia and Western Australia, respectively. No distinc-tion was made between long and short path, or between North-East and North-West U.S.A. In other words, the curves result from combining the three prediction charts (or two for Western Australia) published each month for U.S.A. conditions.

Referring to Fig. 3, periods of open-ings observed are not indicated by two lines because this would undoubtedly

# MODEL "IXA" CRYSTAL MICROPHONE INSERT



AUSTRALIAN MADE FOR AUSTRALIAN CONDITIONS







FITTED WITH PLATED REAR SHIELD TO ELIMINATE HUM PICK-UP

- Patented crystal unit guarantees outstanding efficiency and performance.
- · Protected against ingress of moisture with approved moisture sealed crystal element.
- Small compact lightweight durable.
- · Will not blast from close speaking. · Precision engineering ensures realistic repro-
- duction and high output with long life and dependable operation.
- The only unit available with a genuine sintered
- metal filter · Good high frequency response ensures excelcellent speech reproduction.
- · Aluminium diaphragm mechanically protected
- and frequency controlled by "Zephyrfil" filter. · Australian made throughout.
- · Only carefully selected cements used throughout, to suit Australian climatic conditions.

### TECHNICAL DETAILS

Rochelle salt crystal microphones are perhaps the most Rocenies sait crystel microphones are pernaps the most widely used for all types of service where quality speech are considered to the service where the service will be all the service of the service with the appropriate "Zephyrili" filter, their frequency response may be adjusted to suit any application or requirement.

This crystal microphone requires to be terminated with a high value parallel load of the order of 1 to 5 megohms for best results.

The mass of the moving parts is small, hence the sensitivity is high and a high efficiency is achieved. Light gauge solder lugs are provided so that excessive heat in soldering will not be transmitted to the crystal element.

When mounted in a microphone cage, it is recommended that the insert be suspended in rubber, to eliminate shock and vibration.

One of the connecting lugs is directly connected to the case and care should be taken to solder the metal shield of the microphone cable to this solder lug, keeping the unscreened portion of the centre conductor as short as possible to eliminate hum pick-up.

All crystal elements are mounted on high grade suspen-sion pillars, being fixed thereto with a good quality cement, thus ensuring stability and long life.

Case 1½" diameter (rear), §" thickness, 1-13/16" overall diameter (front) with filter fitted.

Frequency Response = 60-6,500 c.p.s Output Level Impedance

= -45 db (0 db = 1 volt/dyne/cm²) = Model 1XA Grid 1 - 5 megohms.



Approximate Frequency Response Curve

AVAILABLE FROM ALL LEADING TRADE HOUSES

58 HIGH STREET, GLEN IRIS, S.E.6, VIC. ZEPHYR PRODUCTS PTY. LTD. Phone: BL 1300

Page 4 Amateur Radio, October, 1956 confuse the charts. Where Amateur observations indicated conditions to the North American continent on any path. these times are marked by points. Again explaining minor deviations by the the following discrepancies invite some

(1) The observations of conditions after the predicted closure of the band around 0500z, during the period December 1953 to March

(2) Break-throughs around 1300-1500z and 2000-2200z in May 1954. (3) Break-throughs around 0800-1200z in October and November 1954. (1) appears to indicate that the M.U.F. over the short path was actually higher than predicted during the period men-

Due to space being limited, the author intends to publish and discuss other 14 Mc, analysis charts at a later date. For the same reason, the 21 Mc. band will not be dealt with in this article.

#### THE 27/28 Mc. BAND

According to the predictions, openings should have been limited to the Far East during March/April and to North America in April.

Observations of Radio Amateurs indicated that break-throughs existed on

these dates: 3rd January (Far East only)

22nd February 22nd to 31st March

5th to 13th April 20th October (to Europe, 1130z) These results were to be expected for

the period of minimum sunspot activity. 2000

Fig. 3.-14 Mc. analysis for North America, centred on Eastern Australia; points show typical distribution of observations. Arrows indicate contest dates.

tioned, unless all observations refer to sporadic break-throughs above the M.U.F.

FEB

DEC

\_1952 \_\_\_

Referring to (2), the break-through observed around 1300-1500z probably means that the peak in the M.U.F. noticeable during the same period until April in fact extended to the beginning of May, which is within the accuracy of predictions. As to the other opening (2000-2200z), the actual reports suggest that this was a short-path opening, indicating that the L.U.F. was perhaps predicted to be slightly too high.

As (3) refers to signals from North-East U.S.A., it could be explained by the band opening much earlier than predicted for the short path (1200-1600z), However, the M.U.F. rises rather sharply at that time, as shown by the monthly prediction charts. Unless these signals were due to some sporadic opening, they may have come over the long path with the L.U.F. somewhat lower than predicted.

Fig. 4 shows the analysis chart centred on Western Australia. Throughout the period under review in this article, the number of reports from Western Australia has unfortunately been so small not appear to be conclusive. However, the few reports received did not indicate any break-throughs at extraordinary times. Thus propagation between Western Australia and the North-American continent can be assumed to have been within the times predicted.

Apart from the few discrepancies served by Amateurs and discussed in

GENERAL CONCLUSIONS this article, conditions during the period under discussion were in reasonable agreement with the predictions made available by the Ionospheric Prediction Service

In addition to serving as a general check for predictions, this evaluation of Amateur observations during the sun-

FIG 4

9400 FER HAR APR € 1953 -> €

Fig. 4.-14 Mc. analysis for North America, centred on Western Australia Arrows indicate contest dates.

spot minimum promises to be of use in the solution of other problems connected with ionospheric propagation research as indicated in the Introduction. With reference to the ionospheric path be-tween the control points of a circuit, for instance, the observations seem to confirm the opinion that the so popular and simple concept of multi-hop transmis-sions is no adequate explanation. It would, however, be beyond the scope of this article to discuss this aspect in

Furthermore, this analysis has again confirmed that Amateur reports are sufficiently reliable for the type of re-search work mentioned. For the information of Amateurs interested, these are the data of particular importance: time, date (approximate date in the month is sufficient, unless short-term fluctuations or disturbances are the subject of investigation), call sign, signal strength (not essential), approximate beam direction (not essential, but desirable), and comments on anything unusual with regard to the signal observed (presence of fading, i.e. slow or flutter fading, echo, etc.). As shown in this analysis, observations of signals outside the est. The predictions are published regularly in this journal, and instruc-tions for their use were published some years ago(4) In view of the International Geophys

ical Year 1957-58, it would be advisable to hold a larger number of DX contests. In the opinion of the author, DX contests give a unique opportunity of investigating propagation problems, as mentioned earlier in this article. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

#### The author wishes to acknowledge the

consistent co-operation of the Australian DX fraternity, particularly the Am-ateurs mentioned in the DX column in 1953 and 1954. Without their reliable reports, the compilation of monthly propagation reports and this analysis would not have been possible.

#### BIBLIOGRAPHY

Bands, A.R., Vol. 16, No.

### **PULSE THEORY**

#### PART TWO

RE-ORIENTATION
When a train of square pulses is applied to a CR network, due to the exponential rate of charge and discovered to the control of the control



This process is called re-orientation and is a nuisance in many circuits. The process of overcoming this is called d.c. restoration.

The circuit functions as follows: While the pulse is present C charges and voltage on the cathode of the diode rises. Current cannot flow in the diode.

However, when the pulse ends the cathode goes —ve to earth due to differentiation and hence the diode conducts, and the cathode voltage tends to rise, counteracting the drop-down. The mean output is therefore the same as the input (see Fig. 6b).

It is now proposed to deal with circuits used for generating pulse waveforms of different shapes.

SQUARE PULSE GENERATORS
Diode Clippers, unbiased (Fig. 7a)
and biased (Fig. 7b), give only a rough
approximation to a square wave.
Double Clipping combines both the
negative and the positive clipping to
get a closer approximation to a square

wave (Fig. 7c).

\*Lot 35, Loongana Avenue, Glenroy.

Eb POS RECT. NEG CLIP.

MULTIVIBRATORS

Free-Running or Self Excited (Fig. 30) pairs compled, called the Eccles-Jordan circuit. Oscillations are started of the Complete of the Libes, any a positive voltage on the grid of VI. This voltage is amplified by the two tubes and re-appears amplified. This process is rapidly repeated a number of times so that grid voltage of VI rises almost instantly to VI rises almost instantly to the voltage of VI rises almost instantly voltage of VI rises almost voltage of VI rises almo

At this stage the leakage through the grid resistance Rg2 gradually brings the grid potential of V2 back to normal. Refer to (d) in Fig. 8a, the voltage rising exponentially with a time constant Rg2 C2. When the grid of V2 rises above cut-off this tube conducts and rapidly saturates whilst V1 is just as rapidly cut-off, due to the negative bias applied through C1.

FIG. 7 B

When amplification ceases the grid of V1 charges exponentially with a time constant Rgl Cl as in the case of V2. Refer to (b) in Fig. 8a. The process is therefore repetitive and continuous.

Cathode Coupled (Fig. 8b): The pro-

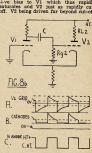
Cathode Coupled (Fig. 8b): The process is started by a random voltage on the grid of one of the tubes, causing V1 (say) to conduct and the negative going voltage on V1 plate is applied to BY I. F. BERWICK,\* VK3ALZ



C. Cut off bins. ANODE VOLTAGE V2.

D. GRID VOLTAGE
V2.

V2 grid via C. The cathodes of V1 and V2 are strapped together so that this —ve bias on V2 is applied as a +ve bias to V1 which thus rapidly cuts saturates and V2 just as rapidly cuts off. V2 being driven far beyond cut-off.



C.HT.

At this stage amplification ceases and C charges up through Rg2 with a time constant CRg2.

Note also that the cathodes of both tubes go slightly less +ve due to the counter action of the increasing plate current of V1 and the decreasing plate current of V2.

The cathodes remain at a constant potential until V2 grid rises above cutoff and the tube conducts. At this stage V1 cuts off and V2 conducts, but not as heavily as V1 did, so the result is a jump in cathode potential. The conductivity of V2 being limited by RL2. When amplification ceases and the condenser discharges exponentially throu through Rg2 (but since the bias on V2 grid is also affected by the cathode potential) it will be seen that V2 grid potential tall in a linear fashion due the cathode potential falling exponentially with a time constant C Rg2 and an anote potential rising exponentially with the same time constant. When the cathode potential falls to such a level that V1

conducts, the process repeats. It is of interest to note that the linear fall of voltage on V2 grid could be used as a linear time base in certain applica-

The cathode coupled m.v. is to be preferred to the plate coupled type, being more stable.

OUTPUT PULSE Triggered Multivibrators (Flip-Flops)

These are not free-running, i.e. not self-excited. but require a trigger pulse to initiate the pulse generating action. Two definitions are in order at this stage. For purposes of application two important types of pulses are recog-

(a) Trigger Pulses: These cause a

control of the cycle of events once this has been started. They are usually of short p.d.
(b) Gating Pulses: These cause a chain

of events to occur but the cycle of events cease when the gating pulse ceases. They are usually square pulses of appreciable p.d.

Plate Coupled Flip-Flop (Fig. 9a): The grid of V2 is returned to ht. through R. This holds V2 at saturation. V1 is at cut-off. A trigger pulse is ap-plied to the grid of V1 and this overcomes the bias and plate current flows The negative going voltage on VI plate is applied to V2 grid through C and V2 plate current decreases and Ep2 rises, thus driving VI grid more +ve. Thus V1 rapidly saturates and V2 cuts off. At this stage amplification ceases until V2 grid rises above cut-off and

V2 conducts, finally rising to satura-tion, whilst V1 cuts off and as there is no means whereby V1 grid can rise above cut-off, the cycle now ceases until a further trigger pulse is received.

Cathode Coupled Flip-Flop (Fig. 9b): Initial operating conditions—Y2 is conducting and due to resultant bias across R2, V1 is cut-off. The positive trigger pulse applied to the grid of V1 should always find this tube in the cut-off



The +ve pulse applied to V1 raises the grid potential of V1 above cut-off. V1 therefore conducts and the V1 plate VI therefore conducts and the VI plate voltage decreases and this —ve going voltage is applied to V2 grid through C, the plate current of V2 then falls and so does that of V1 and hence VI bias of does not only the voltage and voltage conduct again.

The plate current of V2 through R2 raises the cathode potential of V1 and the grid of V1 becomes more —ve. V1 Ve going voltage is therefore +ve and this being applied to V2 grid, causes this tube to saturate rapidly. The multivibrator remains in this condition until the next trigger pulse is

Note that R is made variable. This enables the p.d. of the output pulse to be varied as desired.

Flip-flops are largely used as gating pulse generators Note also that the circuit could be triggered at the grid of V2 by a -ve trigger.

Linear Sweep Generator, commonly known as linear time bases. Introductory Note: In an oscillograph

introductory vote: in an oscillograph the time base voltage is a sawtooth waveform. This tb. voltage is a function of time, i.e. at any particular instant the tb. voltage has a particular value and the horizontal position of the spot on the screen is related to the tb. voltage and therefore to the time. For a general purpose oscilloscope, such as is used in Amateur work for



modulation checking, it is not important to know the relationship between time and t.b. voltage.

However in a radar scope it is very important to associate the horizontal position of the spot on the screen, i.e. the t.b. voltage with the time elapsed from zero time. To do this it is most valuable to have a linear relation be-tween the time and time base voltage, i.e. V = k t, where k is a constant. Such a relationship is illustrated in the graph (Fig. 10a).

#### CIRCUIT OF TIME BASES Neon Tube Time Base, non-linear

(Fig. 10b). The neon flashes at 100v. By using a high voltage source By using a high voltage source (1000v.) and a low voltage neon (100v.) only a short portion of the charging curve (exponential) is utilised and thus an approximation to linearity can be obtained



Gas Triode, non-linear (Fig. 10c). When the h.t. is applied the condenser charges exponentially. At a certain voltage on the anode the gas ionises and the condenser discharges through the tube. The variable resistor in the cathode permits adjustment of point at which the voltage on the anode is sufficient to cause ionisation.

GAS TRIODE NON LINERD FIGIOC

This type of sawtooth generator has a time base frequency limit of 20 Kc., whereas hard tubes can produce fre-quencies of 20 Mc. In practice, this type of circuit is generally locked to some other circuit by firing the tube by means of a pulse on the grid.

## W.I.A. Victorian Division SOUTH WEST ZONE

will be held at BALLARAT 13th and 14th OCTOBER, '56

For Accommodation contact-Bob Rowland, VK3GR, 19 Inkerman Street, Ballarat. Book early as accommodation may be limited owing to the Olympic Rowing Teams.



# Papua and New Guinea

#### DEPARTMENT OF POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

Technical Instructor Grade II (Telecommunication Equipment)

£1308-£1458 p.a.

Qualifications: Equivalent
P.M.G. Senior Technician

P.M.G. Senior Technician (Telecommunications); good teaching ability. Duties: Prepare and

Duties: Prepare and implement syllabus for native trainees in telephone equipment; refresher courses for Europeans.

#### Technical Instructor (Radio Equipment) £1308-£1458 p.a.

Qualifications: Equivalent P.M.G. Senior Technician (Radio); good teaching

(Radio); good teaching ability. Duties: Prepare and implement syllabus for native trainees in radio equipment;

refresher courses for Europeans. Location: Port Moresby.

#### Senior Technician (Telecommunications) £1128-£1188 p.a.

Qualifications: Equivalent P.M.G. Senior Technician (Telecommunications);

automatic and manual telephone experience.

Duties: Install and maintain equipment at main exchange.

## Technician (Telecommunications)

(Telecommunications)

£968-£1068 p.a.

Qualifications: Equivalent P.M.G. Technician (Telecommunications); automatic and manual telephone experience.

Duties: Install and maintain equipment.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

SALARY: Rates quoted are actual and include cost of living and Territorial Allowance. Married officers receive an additional £173 per annum. Advancement is by annual increments within the ranges.

ELIGIBILITY: Adult British subjects under 45 years (males).

APPOINTMENT: Permanent subject to satisfactory probationary period.

LOCATION: Appointees are required to serve anywhere in the Territory. Where location is stated, it refers to headquarters or initial posting only.

ACCOMMODATION: Except where specified, single quarters only available. Married accommodation unlikely to be available under eighteen months from date of appointment.

SEPARATION ALLOWANCE: Payable at discretion of Territory Administration; designed to compensate for added expense of married appointees obliged to maintain family outside Territory.

LEAVE: Three months after each twenty-one months in Territory. Additional three months' cleave after each six years' service and six months' lurlough after twenty years' service.

TAXATION: Income derived by residents of Territory from sources within Territory is not at

Territory from sources within Territory is not at present taxable under Commonwealth legislation. FURTHER INFORMATION: Information Handbook on the Public Service of the Territory is available from any Officel Country Post Office,

available from any Official Country Post Office, District Employment Office, Commonwealth Public Service Inspector or from the Department of Territories, Canberra or Sydney, Other enquiries to Department of Territories, Canberra (Phone U 0411, Ex. 28A).

APPLICATIONS: SUBMIT on prescribed form available from Offices mentioned under "Further Information."
TO Secretary, Department of Territories, Canberra

A.C.I., by 13th November, 1956

#### Supervising Technician (Radio), Grade IV £1488-£1518 p.g.

Qualifications: P.M.G. Senior Technician (Radio) or equivalent,

or equivalent.

Duties: Inspect and test radio plant and equipment; assist in planning radio trunk requirements.

#### Supervising Technician (Radio), Grade III £1398-£1458 p.a.

Qualifications: P.M.G. Senior Technician (Radio) or equivalent.

Duties: Install and maintain regional radio communication equipment; inspect stations.

#### Senior Technician (Radio)

(5 positions)

£1128-£1188 p.a.

Qualifications: Pass in P.M.G. Senior Technician (Radio) examination or equivalent.

Duties: In charge zone transmitting and receiving stations (transmitters 500 W power, MF and HF, CW and radio-telephone); trunk and out-station services.

# Technician (Radio) (5 positions)

£968-£1068 p.a.

Qualifications: Equivalent

P.M.G. Technician (Radio); HF and V.H.F. experience desirable.

Duties: Assist in main tenance and operation zone and out-station radio equipment.

# Understanding Television Interference

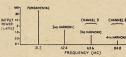
BY LEWIS G. McCOY, WIICP

WHILE TVI (television interference) may not necessarily be a problem for every Amateur, the newcomer should have more than a nodding acquaintance with the subject. The purpose of this article is to discuss the various aspects of television interference and how they affect the Amateur.
So far as Amateur Radio is concerned, TVI falls into two categories. cerned, TVI falls into two categories. One of these is interference due to faults

in the Amateur's equipment. In the other, the television receiver is to blame. Let's discuss the Amateur's equipment first, because in the event of a TVI complaint one should be certain his stacompaint one should be certain his sta-tion is not at fault. The prime cause of interference from a transmitter is harmonics. There are a few others which we'll discuss later, but by far the most important is the radiation of undesired signals that fall in the TV channels

light bulb, to the rig. Now load up the transmitter and check to see if the interference has disappeared. If it has, interference has disappeared. If it has, you can then be reasonably certain that the harmonic is not being radiated from the transmitter. Obviously, it was fed up the feedline to the antenna and then radiated. It is entirely possible that by using an antenna coupler (assuming you don't have one at present) the harmonic will be attenuated to a point where it no longer interferes. If the reader is unfamiliar with the con-struction and use of antenna couplers, it is recommended that he read the section on couplers in "The Radio Amat-eur's Handbook." In addition to the eur's Handbook." In addition to the Handbook, a description of an antenna coupler for the Novice is given in the April 1955 issue of "QST." If the antenna coupler doesn't do the

job, then more drastic action is needed.



HARMONIC INTERFERENCE

Fig. 1.—Sketch showing the relationships of a 21 Mc. signal and its harmonics. In actual practice, the harmonics might not have the amplitudes shown. The important point to remember is that in addition to the fundamental, there are

harmonics present.

HARMONIC INTERFERENCE
What is a harmonic Let's say that
you are operating your rig on 21.2 Mc.
Depending on the design of the transmitter, it is quite possible that in addition to the fundamental isgual, you'll be
aending out signals that are multiples
of your fundamental frequency. This is
shown in Fig. 1. The strength of these
harmonics will depend on many thines. harmonics will depend on many things, and it is a matter of considerable con-cern when one or more of them is strong enough to interfere with television reception.

Let's take the case where you are operating on 21,200 Ke. and your local TV service is Channel 3, which is 60 to 66 Mc. Because it's the nature of the beast, the TV receiver needs this entire frequency range of 6,000 Kc. just to see irequency range of 6,000 Kc. Just to see one channel. Any signal other than the TV signal appearing in this frequency range can cause TVI. The reason we say "can" is because it is entirely possible that the TV signal will be strong enough to over-ride the interfering signal completely. However, when the third harmonic of 21.2 Mc., which is 63.6 Mc., happens to meet up with a weak Channel 3 signal, the result is TVI. Your neighbour immediately yells, weak Chairman TVI. Your neighbour immediately yells, "That blankety-blank ham next door is ruining my TV!" And, in this case, he's right. You have no business putting out a signal in Channel 3.

The first step in checking harmonic interference is to find out if the transmitter causes TVI without the antenna from the transmitter output terminal and connect a dummy load, such as a · Reprinted from "QST," April. 1956.

The best method for preventing har-monic radiation is the use of a low-pass filter. A low-pass filter is simply a device that acts as a gate. It permits your fundamental signal to be fed to the antenna but shuts off the harmonics. The filter is an easy unit to build, and complete details are given in the BCI-TVI chapter of the Handbook. filter to be completely effective, all of the transmitter output must be routed

In the sketch at Fig. 2, we see how the harmonics can reach the antenna without passing through the filter. By shielding the transmitter, the r.f. is forced to pass through the filter to reach the antenna. Other leads that enter the transmitter box, such as the 110-volt vent the harmonics from escaping the box. In obstinate cases of TVI, com-plete shielding and lead filtering of the transmitter are required. This is partransmitter are required. This is par-ticularly true in areas that are quite far from the TV station and when the TV signal is weak. Naturally, the stronger the TV signal, the less one is apt to be bothered by TVI. Here is a summation of the steps to try when combating interference: Try the antenna coupler first; it may be enough. Next, add a low-pass filter. If these two steps don't do the job, then shielding and don't do the job, then shielding and lead filtering are necessary. You can be reasonably sure that with a shielded transmitter and a low-pass filter, your signal will be clean. If you have a TV set in your own home and it doesn't show interference when your transmitter is running, then it is pretty good evidence that your rig is clean.

TV RECEIVER DEFICIENCIES This leaves us with the other problem,

that of faulty TV receivers. Let's make one point quite clear concerning TV receivers: interference due to poor receiver design is not your fault. You should co-operate as much as possible with the set owner but, once you know

Fig. 2.—In this drawing we see what can happen when the transmit ter is not shelded. Without shielding the harmonics flow over the chassi and on the outside of the coax an low-pass filter. With good shielding the harmonics must flow inside the coax as there is no other means for them to escape.

SHIELDED TRANS

UNSHIELDED TRANS

For a low-pass filter to do its job properly, certain precautions should be observed. Most transmitters these days are designed for use with coaxial cable, the output terminal being a coax recep-tacle. The low-pass filter should be inserted in the coax line, close to the transmitter. If the harmonics are not being radiated directly from the transmitter but are fed up the feedline to the antenna, the installation of the filter may eliminate the interference. How-ever, if it doesn't there are a few more steps needed to make sure the filter has

a chance to do its job. In order for the

your signal is clean, the obligation of fixing the receiver is not yours. A TV receiver is designed to receive

the bands of frequencies on which TV signals are transmitted. When the resignals are transmitted. When the re-ceiver picks up signals from frequencies other than the TV bands, then some-thing is wrong with the set. Usually this something is lack of selectivity. When the TV receiver is tuned to Chan-When the TV receiver is tuned to Chan-nel 3, it certainly shouldn't receive your 21.2 Mc. signal. If it does, then it is lacking in selectivity. When the 21.2 Mc. signal overloads the front end of the TV receiver (r.f. and mixer stages),

these stages generate harmonics of the 21.2 Mc. signal. This type of overloading and generation of harmonics gives the same final result as TVI caused by transmitter harmonics. However, in this case, the TV receiver is at fault. The answer to the problem is the installation answer to the problem is the installation of a high-pass filter at the receiver. As mentioned before, if your own TV set or one belonging to a neighbor is clean of TVI, then you can be fairly certain the affected set is at fault. Of course, for your own set to be clean, it must have sufficient selectivity to keep from overloading. This may mean the in-stallation of a high-pass filter on the set.

Just like a low-pass filter, a high-pass filter acts as a gate. When installed on the TV receiver it permits the TV sig-nals to enter but shuts out lower frequency signals. However, the installa-tion of a high-pass filter on the neigh-bor's set is not your responsibility.

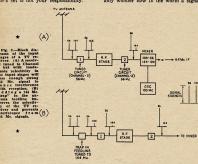
committee, then the procedure would be to write the F.C.C. and explain the problem to them. They will take what-ever action is necessary for the installation of filters

It should be pointed out that in order for a high-pass filter to do its job properly, it should be mounted directly at the tuner of the TV set, not on the antenna terminals at the back of the set.

TWO METRE IMAGE INTERFERENCE

There is one type of interference that the 2 metre operator living in a Chan-nel 2 area is likely to encounter. It is "image" interference in TV receivers "image" interference in TV receivers having a 44 Mc. intermediate frequency. While this type of interference is a fault of the TV receiver, the Amateur should know what it is if and when he en-counters the trouble. If you don't know anything about receivers you'll prob-ably wonder how in the world a signal

Both signals, plus the oscillator signal are then fed into the mixer stage. The are then fed into the mixer stage. The action in a receiver mixer stage is to shift the frequency of the incoming signal to another frequency (the i.f., or "intermediate frequency") where it can more conveniently be amplified. This is done by introducing a "local oscillator" signal; the incoming signal will be shifted to frequencies corresponding to the sum and the difference of the two frequencies. In the case shown in Fig 3A, the frequency relationships are such that the 100 Mc. oscillator signal shifts both the desired TV signal and the undesired Amateur signal to the 44 Mc. i.f. If the receiver does not have sufficient selectivity to reject the 144 Mc. signal, it is quite possible for



HANDLING TVI COMPLAINTS The first thing to do on being in-formed that you are causing TVI is to contact the complainant and explain what is happening to his set. Assuming what is happening to his set. Assuming that your station is clean, you are in a position where you know his set is at fault. If your radio club has a TVI committee, and many cities have such organisations, give the complainant the name and phone number of the com-mittee. By all means let the committee handle the complaint. It is not only equipped and trained for such work; it is authorised by the F.C.C. to take whatever action is necessary to settle the complaint.

Many TV manufacturers are aware of the need for additional selectivity when their receivers are used near a shorttheir receivers are used near a short-wave transmitting station. Upon re-commendation by an authorised TVI committee, or the F.C.C., the manu-facturer will furnish a high-pass filter at no charge to the set owner. If you are in an area not serviced by a TVI in the 144 Mc. band could interfere with a TV receiver tuned to Channel 2 (54 to Channel 2 (55 to Channel 2 The tuned circuit should accept signals at its resonant frequency and reject signals at other frequencies. The degree to which the undesired signals are re-jected will depend upon the sharpness, or "selectivity," of the tuned circuit.

You will note in the diagram that the 144 Mc. signal is not as strong as the 56 Mc. one after they pass through Circuit 1. Both signals are amplified by the r.f. stage and then passed through Circuit 2. The 56 Mc. signal is now much stronger than the 144 Mc. one.

# Low Drift Crystals

# AMATEUR BANDS

ACCURACY 0.02% OF STATED FREQUENCY

3.5 Mc. and 7 Mc. Unmounted £2 10 0 Mounted .... £3 0

12.5 and 14 Mc. Fundamental Crystals, "Low Drift," Mounted only, £5.

THESE PRICES DO NOT INCLUDE SALES TAX.

Spot Frequency Crystals Prices on Application.

Regrinds .... £1/10/0

# MAXWELL HOWDEN

15 CLAREMONT CRES., CANTERBURY, E.7, VICTORIA

the signal to interfere with the 56 Mc. signal. However, the cure is simple.

At B, in Fig. 3, we see what happens when a trap (see Handbook chapter on TVI-BCI for constructional details) is installed in the feedline of the receiver, to improve the selectivity of the rereject the interfering signal. After the two signals pass through the trap (the 56 Mc. signal is not attenuated by the trap), the difference in amplitude be-tween the two signals is so great that the 144 Mc, signal no longer interferes.

As pointed out earlier, it is not your fault that the TV set picks up your signal. The cure for the problem is a 144 Mc. trap installed at the antenna terminals of the TV set. Explain the problem to the set owner and let him know that you'll be happy to tell the TV serviceman how to correct the interference. It is not recommended that the Amateur do any work on a neighthe Amateur do any work on a neigh-bor's TV set. Installation of filters and traps should be left to a TV serviceman. The best procedure is to maintain a hands-off policy, because if something happens to the set after you have worked on it. you'll be blamed.

If you want to add a high-pass filter to your own TV receiver, details of its construction and installation are given in the TVI chapter of "The Radio Am-

In summing up, the following points should be mentioned. It is much easier abould be mentioned. It is much easier to clean up 80 and 40 metre harmonics much cases, the best of an antenna coupler will furnish adequate harmonic attenuation for 80 and 40 metres. Remains a complex will train a decide the second of a metre of the second of the se

#### Low-Pass Filter Home-**Building Simplified**

BY H. F. RUCKERT, VK2AOU

A Low-Pass Filter was described in the November 1955 issue of "A.R." Further tests with this filter type, varretrief tests with this inter type, various coils and checking the tuning, resulted in the experience that correctly wound coils may be used without having to go through the alignment procedure described in "A.R."

The coil winding is simplified by using standard drills as the winding using standard drills as the winding former. With transformer copper wire No. 14 s.w.g. the coils will have just the right diameter from wire centre to me right diameter from wire centre to wire centre, or outside coil diameter minus one wire diameter. The length is the full length of the winding. Add half an inch to two-thirds of an inch of coil wire length for the wiring.

The capacitors (ceramic or silver mica) should be of plus or minus 10% tolerance. Small receiver types (500v. d.c. working) are safe if your s.w.r. ratio on the line is not much higher than 1:2. Co-axial cable of 50 to 70 ohms may be connected on both filter

The filter must be very well bonded to the transmitter chassis. The cut-off frequency is again 35 Mc.

up to 41 Mc. Coil Lk and the two L1 coils are wound on a 31/64 inch drill.

The coils L2 are wound on a 25/64 inch drill The coils will open up to the right diameter.

Lk-11 turns, 0.57" diam., 0.95" long. L1-8 " 0.71" 0.57" L2- 8 0.47"

The coils should be mounted at least the coil diameter away from other components and the shielding.

\* 25 Berrille Road, Beverly Hills, N.S.W.



is in

TV

### ACTIVE RADIO AMATEURS

OCTOBER SPECIALS-TRY ONE! REBUILDING THE RIG?

- \* 2.000 Volt Ceramic Insulated 100 pF. Variable Condensers new, not Disposals, similar to National. Only 25/-.
- \* Current flow? Don't guess! Use a Metropolitan-Vickers 0-2 Ma. 2 inch Round Ma. Meter. In original cartons, only 12 left at 25/- each. You will be very satisfied with these.

Let us quote you on any rebuild job. Write now-

# MAIL ORDER SPECIALISTS"

1 ELLALONG ROAD, CREMORNE, N.S.W.

See you next month, same magazine.

P.S.-RIBBON. Did you forget your 300 ohm Twin Flat Feeder? Let me know your requirements. .....



### THE ANSWER IS A HAM

BY R. S. FISHER.\* VK3OM

In these enlightened times explanations are seldom necessary. Imagine uons are seidom necessary. Imagine my surprise, when quite recently I was flung into a whirlwind explanation through the failure of my circle of acquaintances to appreciate or even to understand the real and inner significance of the word "HAM".

Webster, with unusual inaccuracy, gives it as the name of a portion of the gives it as the name of a portion of the pig after decease. And this, no doubt, is responsible for the erroneous belief that it is of Semetic origin and goes with eggs, generally in the morning, but never on Friday.

I myself had thought that this ancient meaning had fallen into desuetude wilderness, and can only marvel at the way some words still cling to their way some words still cling to their derivations. Of course, even today one cannot help but recognise that some "hams" are pigs (like our friend 30M, as related hereunder), but prefer to believe that this is merely a recent collo-quial or metaphorical addition to the etymology of the word and in no way connected with its source.

Any attempt, however, to counteract this parlous state of public ignorance I find is an exhausting exercise in meta-physics. The briefest possible connota-tion is that the "Ham" is the product of a peculiar state of mind manifesting or a pecunar state or mind manifesting tiself in the pursuit of the intangible. Fortunately for himself, the "Ham" is in his appearance no different from other members of the human species. Unless, of course, one is acute enough to observe a slight trembling of the right forefinger and thumb, although even this is not an invariable clue, since many prefer to use the left foot.

Like most wild animals (to which he is probably related), the "Ham" is harmless, and does not betray his natural tendencies until within his own domain. This is generally a mildewed shack, which does not leak, except on wet days, and for comfort and vague wet oays, and for comfort and vague hints of mysterious sorcery resembles the anchorite's cave. In the dimmest corner of this place against a back-ground of remarkable walipaper and "Danger H.T." notices is a general junk pile marked variously "Kuniter" and R'eer, which he indicated the thin-tities. indifference to the wondering uninitiate as being the "outfit with which he created the Finland-Australia low power phone record." To a fellow "Ham," however, who has thought up enough lies to make a visit worth while, he boasts pridefully of having collected it less fifty through his personal influence with Mr. So-and-so of Such-and-such famous radio concern.

Here before this junk pile he sits far into the night. Tiny noises break the silence, and the demoniacal expression and subdued mutter of his lips in the faint light of his 807 is sufficient to frighten the ghost of Bluebeard. Should one such dare to disturb him, even though it be only in the act of reaching down for another Sao biscuit, he would be met by a nicely-worded store of invective, educated by a life of seclusion, exceedingly varied, and well arranged without repetition.

Such is the "Ham" in his natural habitat. In summer these nightly vigils habitat. In summer these nightly vigils are prevented by what is known as QRN, with any given number of the abovementioned adjectives preceding it. In this weather he simply talks, and herein lies the great tragedy of the "Ham." None but his fellow "Ham" can understand him.

Perhaps in order to illustrate this sad condition I had better give that famous instance, when 3OM met 3AFJ (it is instance, when 30M met 3AFJ (it is one of the peculiarities of the "Ham" that they have not names in the ordinary sense, but merely call signs) in front of the W.I.A. stand at the last "All Models Exhibition."

3OM was escorting a young lady, but at that moment had forgotten her existence in an absorbed study of the exhibits. 3AFJ, bouncing up at that moment, slapped him on the back and cried, "Hello, I see you brought her along OM."

"You bet-'m running 'er hevery night now-bit hexpensive on the juice though." (3OM generally had trouble with his aspirates.)

"I heard her perking the other night. Rather raw note. Hi!"

"A bit noisy," admitted 3OM. "I'll 'ave to see what I can do to stop 'er hoscillating with the locals. She's rather loud, but I'll tone 'er down when hi get to know her better. She's a bit sluggish on long distances. Good speech, but with music she always seems a trifle flat, and I'm not keen on her speaker.

"Don't think much of that dial, OM. Bit wrinkly, and must take a lot of keeping clean. In fact, she could do with a clean all over."

"Oh! well, what can you hexpect, considering the way she's been knocked about here—that's the worst of bringing them to a radio exhibition. I s'pose she'll squeal when I get her 'ome again until I get her working again. I'll try your suggestion and see what choking will do 3AFJ then bounded off with cheer

73 in his usual bright manner, and left 30M facing an irate and red-faced young lady. Tears of rage sprung to her eyes, and she stamped her foot and giared at the amazed 3OM.

"You Pig! Pig!! Pig!!!"

"Why, why, hi'm not a pig, only a Hamateur Hexperimenter." 



YOUR STATION COMPANION.

the

Aust. Radio Amateur

# Call Book

Available now from-

DIVISIONS OF THE W.I.A. AND LEADING BOOKSELLERS IN ALL STATES OF AUSTRALIA.

ORDER YOUR COPY-4/6

Postage 6d. extra

Published by the Wireless Institute of Aus. THIS 1956 EDITION CONTAINS-

- An up-to-the-minute listing of Station Call Signs and Addresses of Licencees of Transmitting Stations located in the Commonwealth of Australia and its Mandated Territories including VK1 Australian Capital Territory and Z Call Signs. · Wireless Institute of Australia Listeners' Numbers.
- One thousand additions, alterations and deletions since last edition, making over two thousand amendments since the 1954 edition.
   Up-to-date list of Australian Broadcasting Stations, F.M. Stations, and

Television Services.

DX Countries, Prefixes and their Zones.
World-wide Awards available to Amateurs and Short Wave Listeners. 

\* 81 Neerim Road, Caulfield, Vic.

for the latest news on

# TELEVISION CIRCUITS

Radiotronics is published monthly and contains much valuable information for servicemen and technicians as well as general interest articles.

Back copies for the years 1954, 1955 and 1956, are readily obtainable at the cost of 1/- per copy.



### CHECK THESE FACTS

- THE LATEST OF TELEVISION CIRCUITS.
- UP TO THE MINUTE VALVE DATA.
- WIDE VARIETY OF TECHNICAL INFORMATION.
- ARTICLES OF INTEREST ON AMPLIFIERS, CIRCUITS. NEW VALVE TYPES AND THE LATEST ADVANCES IN THE TELEVISION FIELD.

#### SUBSCRIPTION RATES :

- Subscriptions for 1956 are still open, but for a limited time only. 10/- per annum in Australia.
  - 12/6 per annum in New Zealand and other countries. \$1.50 in dollar countries.

  - These prices include postage.

### AUSTRALIA'S FOREMOST

THE AMALGAMATED WIRELESS VALVE CO. PTY. LTD.

47 York Street, Sydney.

Enclosed please findin Postal Note	
Subscription for to Radiotronics	
Name	
Address	
StateCountry	

## R.S.G.B. TELEPHONY CONTEST

UNITED KINGDOM VERSUS THE REST ON 21 AND 28 Mc.

The first-ever R.S.G.B. contest exclusively for telephony operation and open to stations throughout the world of the control of the control of the control its aim is to encourage stations to operate on the 21 and 28 Mc. hands during the years of high suspost activity. British lales with any station in the rest of the world (including Europe) will count for points—the Birst time, him there is the control of the these lines has been arranged.

The contest runs for a straight 36 hours but, since these bands will almost certainly close during the night, it is anticipated that activity will be confined mainly to the daylight hours of the prove particularly attractive to those who find most DX contests unduly arduous.

The availability of the two bands should enable Amateurs whose second harmonics fall in local TV channels to operate on at least one band at any time throughout the contest. High- and low-power sections will be run concurrently.

A simple scoring system has been adopted: 5 points for each completed contact, with an additional bonus each time a new country is worked. Countries will be defined in accordance with ruling at the time of the contest with the following exceptions: in VE, VK, w(K), ZL and ZS the call areas will each count as a separate country (e.g., it will be countried in the countried with the following exceptions: in VE, VK, and the countried will be countried to the countried with the countried with the countried will be countried with the countried w

It is suggested that participants should call "CQ RSGB." Overseas stations should note that the maximum possible number of British Isles zones providing a bonus of 50 points is 36 (six prefixes each with ix numbers).

#### RULE

The contest is open to licensed Amateurs in any part of the world.
 The contest is divided into two sections, namely (a) low power—maximum input 25 watts, (b) high power—

maximum licensed power.

3. The contest (both sections) will start at 0700 GMT on Saturday, November 24, and end at 1900 GMT on Sunday, November 25, 1956.

4. Any type of telephony transmission for which the station is licensed may be used, e.g., AM, NBFM, SSB, etc.
5. Only the entrant will be permitted to operate the station for the duration of the contest.

6. Entries must be set out as shown in the example below, using one side of the paper only. Entries must be post-marked not later than December 10, 1956, and must be addressed to R.S.G.B. Contests Committee, New Ruskin House, 28/30 Little Russell Street, London, W.C.I. The closing date for acceptance of entries is January 31, 1967.

7. Entrants must operate within the terms of their licences.

terms of their licences.

8. Only one contact per band with each station will count for points, but duplicate contacts should be logged.

Cross-band contacts are not allowed.

9. Overseas stations may only claim points for contacts with British Isles stations (G, GC, GD, GI, GM, GW). British Isles stations may not work each other for points.

"I've worked 257 Stations—seven hours still to go . . ." (Suggested by B. Robertson, N.Z.)

10. For each completed contact British Isless stations will geore 5 points. In the Isless are proposed to the Isless and Isless are contact with each new country on each band. For the Isless are contact with a sent to the Isless are contact with a British Isless are completed contact with a British Isless each stations will score 5 points for each completed contact with a British Isless completed contact with a British Isless contact with a British Isless country-act with each British Isless country-act with the British Isless and British Isless country-act with each British Isless country-act with each British Isless country-act with a British Isless country-act with each British Isless country-act with the British Isless and British Isless and British Isless are act with the British Isless and British Isless and

ed and acknowledged before points may be claimed. The serial number of 5 figures consists of the RS reports plus 5 figures which may start with any number between 001 and 100 for the first contact and will increase by one for each successive contact, e.g. 087 for the first and 088 for the second contact, etc.

12. The Metcalfe Trophy will be awarded to the leading British Isles station in the low power section and the Whitworth Trophy to the leading British Isles station in the high power section. In addition certificates will be awarded each of the other five British Isles country-prefix zones, and also to the runners-up in the Trophy winners' zones.

Certificates will also be awarded to the leading stations in each overseas country, VE, VK, W, ZL and ZS call areas counting separately as in Rule 10. R.S.G.B. 21-28 Mc. Telephony Contest

# November 24-25, 1956

Address Call Sign
Transmitter Input Watts
Modulation system(s) used Receiver
Aerial(s)

Declaration: I hereby certify that I have operated within the terms of my licence and in accordance with the rules and spirit of the contest. I agree that the decision of the County of the R.S.G.B. shall be final in all cases of dispute. I certify that the input power to the final stage of the transmitter was watts.

CHECK LOGS FROM NON-COMPETING STATIONS WILL BE WELCOMED.

-Reprinted from the R.S.G.B. "Bulletin," May, 1986.

#### "CQ" DX CONTEST

The Phone Section of this Contest commences at 0200 G.M.T. on 20th October and runs through to 0200 G.M.T. on 22nd October.

Likewise the C.w. Section, 0200 G.M.T. on 27th October to 0200 G.M.T. on 29th October.

#### ERRATUM

In the article Phone and C.w. Monitor, August issue, p.6, the leads to the battery should be reversed.

#### AMATEUR CALL SIGNS FOR MONTHS OF JUNE, JULY, 1956

NEW CALL SIGNS

VK- Canberra, A.C.T. 1AB-G. Chisholm, 18 Howe Crescent, Ainslie.

2EY-J. P. Mechan, 28 Verbena Av., Bankstown. 2GP-D. A. Page, 68 Hassans Walls Rd, Lithgows. 2LY.-W. S. Lane, 18 Ryman St, Tanworth. 2LY.-W. S. Lane, 18 Ryman St, Tanworth. 2EH-C. B. Jores, Lot. 5. Histhinson St. Red-head, via Newcattle. Lithius Company. 22 June 1988. 2AAK-E. A. J. Kyle, 64 Wentworth St., Rand-2AAK-E. A. J. Kyle, 64 Wentworth St., Rand-ACADZ-Ce. Harriman, Farm 1880, Griffith. 2AOW-W. N. Short, 33 Auburn Rd., Auburn. 2ZAL-A. R. Hennessy, 23a New Illawarra Rd., Bezley North. 2CC-L. J. Carpenter, 88 Moin St., Sco. 2CC-L. J. Carpenter, Blackbutt's Rd., French's orest. W. H. Grace, 27 Daview Ave., Wat-

2ZCG—J. W. H. Grace, 27 Daview Ave., wat-sons Bay. 2ZCM—S. B. McGresor, R.M.B. 21, North Kor-2ZCS—W. S. Steinwede, 66 Anzac Pde., Mar-2ZCW—J. B. Webster, 25 Bayview Ave., Earlwood. 2ZDL-S. G. Lloyd, 104 Main Rd., Kahibah. 2ZDM-J. E. Mackie, Molesworth St., Hillston. Victoria 3EA-E. Anderson, 130 Osborne St., Williams-

2EA-E. Anderson. 130 Osborne St., Williams-Golff-down butter, 70 May St., Filtroy, 2NP-D. Calwell, 87 Panoramic Rd., North Balwyn. SKU-B. D. Clarke, Dismond Rd. Elham. SKU-B. D. Clarke, Dismond Rd. Elham. SKU-B. D. Clarke, Dismond Rd. Elham. SKU-B. D. Clarke, 10 Main St., Ballard. AGE-F. G. Annear (F/SEL), RA.A.F., Lav-3AGF-F. G. Annear (F/Sgl.), R.A.A.F., Lav-gramma, S. R. Kelleher, 3 Paine St., Newport. 3AIT-G. C. Traill, Pearsondale, via Sale, 3AMT-A. M. Woolley, 5 Derwent St., Ringwood, 3ARR-R. W. Binks, 2 Orwill St., Frankston, 3ASK-J. W. Smith, 16 Lochinvar St., Fascoe Vale South. 3AVB-R. K. Burbridge, 9 Fushia St., Black-

burn.
3AVJ—J. E. Lewis, 27 William St., Frankston.
3AVP—P. H. Lewis, 27 William St., Frankston.
3ZCFF—I. B. Fraser, 36 Webster St. Ballarat.
3ZDF—A. J. McKean, 423 Buckley St., Essendon.
3ZDH—D. J. B. Hull, Larnach Rd., Baxter.
3ZDP—P. K. Bennic, 61 Stawell St., Sale.
3ZDT—P. G. Thorne, 51 Princes Highway, Moe. Queensland

4AP—A. Guildrof. 49 Clayton St., Sandgate.
44J—J. F. Edwards, 191 Hamilton Rd., MoorAll Bribbane.
501. Bribbane.
502. Bribbane.
503. Bribbane.
503. Bribbane.
504. Bribbane.
505. Bribbane.
505. Bribbane.
506. Bribbane.
506. Bribbane.
506. Bribbane.
507. Robertson.
607. Price St., Belgian
Gardens, Townsville.

SZAQ-E. J. Whittington, 12 Ralph Ave., West Croydon. SZBJ-W. H. John, 14 Shirley Ave., Woodville West. SZCX-B. H. Wall, 89 Port Rd., Hindmarsh. 5EH-J. B. Hawke, 465 Payneham Rd., Felixtowe.
B. Wall, 34 Church Ter., Walkerville.
A. L. West, 16 Mahar St., Kensington Gardens. 5ZAM-D. A. Carthew, Penola.

6ZAH-L. E. Gooding, Darkan.

Tasmania
TSM—S. G. Moore, 8 Pearl St., Wivenhoe,
Burnie.
TGC—G. H. Cranby, 6 Barrack St., George
Town.

CHANGES OF ADDRESS Canberra, A.C.T. IAVP-E. Penikis, 42 Kennedy St., Kingston.

New South Wales 2CF-J. D. Clark, Flat 3, 21 Martins Ave., Bondi. 2CU-A. Pearson, 29 Wolli Ave., Earlwood. 2HB-L. S. Forter, 133 Glpp St., Bega. 2II.-J. N. Delaney, 4 Kiparra St., Pymble. 2U-M. J. McDonald, 55 Bristol Rd., Hurstville.

2KL—H. A. Preston, 9 Forsyth St., Ryde. 2MA—A. N. Lansley, 18 Warandoo St., Waitara. 2ML—R. M. Ellison, 47 Park Rd., Bulli. 2MX—I. R. Cameron, C/o. Carrs Creek Junc-tion P.O., via Graffow St., Dulwich Hill. 2PB—M. T. Sonlith, 24 Redgrave Rd., Norman-BB\_M. T. Smith, 24 Redgrave Rd., sormalisms, hurst.

285—A. Skene-Smith, 390 Great Western Rd.,

285—A. Skene-Smith, 390 Great Western Rd.,

248P—R. G. Dunford, Dalgarno St., Coonsalvano, St., 2AMM—W. J. Plant, 54 Bonar St., Maitland, 2AOB—R. B. Digby, 12 Besch Rd., Collaroy, 2ARL—R. W. Clemens, 22 Alice St., Turramurra, 2AVC—E. C. Champion, 137 Livingstone Ave.,

2AVC—E. C. Champion, 197 Invingators Ave., Pymble. 2AVF—F. Fairleigh, 29 York St., Bondi Junction. 2AWO—W. H. Field, 48 Charles St., Killara. 2AZG—J. R. Grouse, 17 Ivanhoe St., Marrick-Victoria

3DE—D. E. Hale. 1 Langford St., Morwell.
3DM—D. C. McDonald, 110 Francis St., Ascot
3FQ—A. C. Yeomans, 7 Leckie St., Bentleigh.
3HW—J. L. Lewis, Station: Walker St., Ballarat
North. SIW—J. L. Lewis, Station: Wolker St., Balliras, V. W. L. Lewis, Station: Reliefere Sail, Sama Hill. JAKC.—E. P. Caddy, 228 Mails St., Behrmadis, JAKC.—B. C. Moore, S. Strelecki R. V. Alburn, JAKC.—B. C. Choor, S. Strelecki R. V. Alburn, J. AAV.—B. C. Choor, S. Strelecki R. C. Cambrevell, S. AAV.—B. C. Choor, S. Spercer R. C. Cambrevell, S. W. Canber, S. C. Lewis, J. C. Cambrevell, S. C. Lewis, J. C. Lewis, J. C. Cambrevell, S. C. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. L. Lewis, J. L

4BM—W. J. Mead, Oak St. Gumdale, 4BC—K. D. M. Grice, now fixed station at 579 Lower Bowen Ter., New Farm, Brisbane, 41IN—W. E. Evans, Cordella St., Gayndah, 4VR—C. Round, 28 Valencie St. Sunnybank, 4SK—S. S. St. George, C/o. 4MK, Mackay, 4ZAB—C. T. Amoore, Minimine St., Stafford, South Australia

5BF-D. G. Goode, amend to read Yankalilla. 5BM-A. R. Matthews, 22 Robert St., North Unley. 5CW-W. R. Clifton, 63 Kingston Ave., Sea-SUM—W. R. CHION, 63 Kingston Ave., Sea-combe Gardens, St. Stableen St., Brighton Gardens, DZ.—J. A. Casey, 41 Tenth St., Port Pirie. SEE—E. T. Walter, 64 Harcourt Ter., Salisbury SIC.—P. R. Crosthwaite, 79 Thomas St., Unley, SMI—J. R. Micklem, 5 Willeroo Ave., Beau-SMI—J. R. Micklem, 5 Willeroo Ave., Beau-5M.—J. R. Mickell, 8 Williams of Park Ter., Parkside. 5RB—R. B. Monfries, 74 Park Ter., Parkside. 5RQ—C. R. Sellick, 8 Machin St., Woodville S. 5US—P. R. O'Connor, 26 Benjamin St., Man-5XA—H. K. Stacey, 24 Loader St., Glynde. 5XA—H. K. Stacey, 24 Taylor Rd., Thebarton. 5XL—L. Lindley, amend to read Elizabeth. 5ZAN—M. J. Goodridge, 65 Farnham Rd., Ash-Western Australia

western Australia

6BN-D. A. Eise, 57 Cawston Rd., Attadale,
6PW-R. W. Peterson, 11 Clive St., Bleton Park,
6WZ-R. H. Atkinson, 91 Middleton Rd., Alban,
6ZAP-T. C. Berg, 16 Aberdare Rd., Shenton
Park Tasmania

7ZAJ—P. J. Edwards, 23 Bain Ter., Launceston. Territory of Papus and New Guinea 9HO—H. T. Overend, C/o. R.T.C. Transmitter Station, Lac. SKW—K. W. Turtle, Baniu Plantation, Buka Passage, via Sohano, Bougainville.

CANCELLED CALL SIGNS VK- Canberra, A.C.T. 1EY-J. P. Meehan. Now VK2EY

New South Wales 2AI-D. E. Hatton. 2BK-J. F. Edwards. Now VK4JJ. 2IY-T. H. Cahill. ZIY-T. H. Canill.
ZKJ-P. J. Grigg. Now VK3WC.
ZNI-A. Nicholis. Now VK4NI.
ZRZ-R. B. Dufty.
ZWA-J. T. Dwyer.
ZXS-W. H. Marshall.

2AAF—A. J. Fisher. 2ADI—D. E. Sidler. 2ZAZ—G. Harriman. 2ZBM—H. O. Mathews.

Victoria Owst-Atkinson 3MO—A. M. Owst-Atkinson.
3PE—L. F. Hearnes.
3AGQ—G. P. Butler.
3ANW—F. K. McTaggart.
3ANW—F. K. McTaggart.
3AUT—W. R. Ross.
3AUT—W. R. Ross.
3AVV—H. G. Wohlers.
2ACC—W. R. Rits. Oncensland

4YS-S. P. Sorens South Australia
SPG—G. Chisholm. Now VKIAB.
SVG—D. P. Gooding.
SWZ—F. G. Annear (F/Sgt.). Now VK3AGF.
SZAA—I. B. Wall. Western Australia

6AS-A. A. Smith 6BR-B. R. Field. 6KB-V. L. Dook. 7BC-B. D. Clark. Now VK3KU. Territory of New Guinea 9CW-Wau Radio Club. 9VP-E. Penikis. Now VKIAVP.

PERMITS GRANTED FOR TELEVISION EXPERIMENTS

New South Wales

VA.— New South Wales
2DF/T.—I. W. S. Cocks.
2OT/T.—M. D. Sobels.
2VY/T.—Sydney Technical College.
2AFB/T.—F. C. Barron.
2AIA/T.—J. A. Mead.
2AIO/T.—J. K. Carter.
2AIX/T.—E. Piraner.
2AIY/T.—F. G. Fairleigh.
2AB/J.—W. T. Boon. Victoria

SEV/T—F. W. Walker.
3LN/T—L. P. Moneur.
3QG/T—C. P. Smith.
3UR/T—R. R. Anderson.
3ABB/T—R. N. Abbott.
3AG/T—D. W. Gove.
3AGW/T—A. G. Wilkey.
3ALU/T—L. E. Lloyd.

4CG/T-C. H. Y. Gold. 4PT/T-C. R. J. Paton.

South Australia 5TG/T-F. H. Taylor 6WJ/T-W. W. Jacobs. 6ZAQ/T-D. A. Meadowcroft. Territory of Papus and New Guinea 9FN/T-F. M. Nolan.

WIRELESS INSTITUTE OF AUS. VICTORIAN DIVISION

# **OLYMPIC GAMES ACTIVITIES**

\* OLYMPIC DINNER A special Olympic Dinner is to be held on Nov. 16, 6 p.m. at the Prince of Wales Hotel at St. Kilda.

\* STATION VISITS

### For the special benefit of

Overseas Amateurs visits will be arranged to a number of VK3 Stations.

\* FIELD EVENTS

These events will be held in conjunction with Transmitter Hunts on one Sunday during the Olympic period.

Intending Amateur visitors are requested to get in touch with the W.I.A. office, 6th Floor, 191 Queen Street, Melbourne (Phone: MY 1087) after arrival in Melbourne.

#### S.W.L. SECTION

Well folk, this month I'm afraid I haven't a full roll up of VK prefixes, but I still haven't tiven up hope. Nothing from VK6 this month, but hope to hear something soon. I'd be very nterested to hear from someone in VK9 or foesn't anyone read the magazine up there? Surely there's someone in VK1 (A.C.T.) too.

#### NEW SOUTH WALES

NEW SOUTH WALES
Stan Abbey, Mimoss St., Coolmon, 6S, write
stating that he has beard very little on the
stating that he has beard very little on the
new antenna. Maybe that's the trouble Stan.
He and Jack Ashley are still plugging along
studying for the tuket whist the Coolmon
ing the came. Kick at them Jim OB and you
hould soon have soom enow GRM to contend

with. Stan includes news of another VK2 s.w.l., Bill Davey, of Peddington. Bill has been an quite a few attacks of the property of the propert

#### VICTORIA

The August Metting of the VK3 Group was the value of the VK3 Group was the value of the VK3 Group was the value of value of the value o

empiled by: Ian J. Hunt, WIA-L3007, 101

A contact was also made from the room; the Gerry 3ZBN at Nunawading, a distance of lifers for the next year were elected as follows: President, Len Poynter; Vice-President ichael ide and David Tanner (3ZAT); Seend Mag. Correspondent, Ian Hunt; Councilepp, George Robertson.

Coming Events: Don't forget the following: ctober meeting, Tuesday, 30th, a talk by Len LN. This meeting will be held at the W.I.A. ooms, 191 Queen St., Melbourne. Visitors are

welcome.

Correspondence: Dave WIA-L3039, from Orbost, sends in details of his log and makes the suggestion that in an effort to keep your log tidy a rough log should be too the white little of the suggestion of the suggestion of the latter Dave.

on for behind in ex-viring my log, sames as & v.l. 140 Craffished At a few defails were omitted from half monthy noise, will repeat quality you must be resident by Velecia's and quality you must be resident by Velecia's and of baving heard 160 Annaleur Stations. The certificate is free, in W.A. meethers while a Certificate is the grown of the work of the work of the certificate is the grown of the certificate in the certificate is the certificate in the certificate  OTTERNET AND

In a letter from Paring, Brisbane, De Brynn says, the Strong Stro

The VKB boy must like our sumy Mel-the VKB boy must like our sumy Mel-Divisten, was present at our last VKB meeting, Mes Hillind write telling of the last VKB Mes Hillind write telling of the last VKB interesting talk on the reporting of Assister with questions at the conclusion of his talk Tanals for your efforts, Les. Three new mea-ment of the last VKB and the conclusion of his talk Dumin Gerta; debn Hillich and Do Godstick, meeting, tWhat subject! How to make a set of thoughth led togogiest mist.—23.

The VK5 Group meets on the third Monda of each month at Central Methodist Mission Franklin Street, Adelaide, at 8 p.m. Roll u to these meetings you VK5 lads.

TASMANIA

My correspondent from the land of mountals and apples still only gives his first name, whit is Roger. Thanks for your letter. You're dot a good job keeping VK7 on the map. Rog has been hearing quite a bit of DX. Keep up OB.

AMATEURS, ATTENTION!

Now to my current mean. 3550 Kc. is th frequency on which slow morse transmission are conducted by the W.L. Vic. Div. every consistent of the constant o

tion.

So again for another month I must say thanks to all those who have written and hope to hear from you again. Cheers and good listening to you.



BRIGHT STAR RADIO are pleased to announce an addition to their line of Crystals. We are now manufacturing-

## VACUUM MOUNTED CRYSTAI for general communication frequencies in the range 3 to 14 Mc.

Higher frequencies can be supplied.

#### ADVANTAGES OF THIS TYPE-

- (1) Approximately three times the activity of normal plated crystal due to the absence of air damping. (2) Better frequency stability due to the absence of air friction.
- (3) Plating cannot deteriorate with time and cause frequency shift,
- (4) Two or more crystals can be mounted in the one envelope and thus save space,

Price depends on the tolerance and frequency required, and will be quoted upon request.

BRIGHT STAR CRYSTALS may be obtained from the following Interstate firms: Messrs. A. E. Harrold, 123 Charlotte SE, Brisbane; Gerrar & Goodman Ltd., 192-196 Rundle St, Adeladice, A. G. Henling Ltd., 131 Pire St, Adelaide; Atkins (W.A.) Ltd., 894 Hay St, Perth; Lavrence & Hanson Electrical Pty. Ltd., 56 Collins St, Hobart; Collins Radio, 496 Lonsdale ST, Melbourne; Prieck Radio, 5-6 Angel Hace, Sydney.

# BRIGHT STAR RADIO

46 EASTGATE ST., OAKLEIGH, S.E.12 UM 3382

Page 16 Amateur Radio, October, 1956

#### DX ACTIVITY BY VK3AHH+

#### PROPAGATION REPORT

PROPAGATION REPORT

3 Met. No report—no comments

and the properties of the law been
reported to be very poor, or is it lack of active

14 Met. Pair to good conditions prevailed

14 Met. Pair to good conditions prevailed

14 Met. Pair to good conditions prevailed

15 Met. Pair to good conditions prevailed

16 Met. Pair to good conditions prevailed

19 place at the sunt times.

20 place at the sunt times.

20 place at the sunt times.

20 place at the sunt times.

21 place at the sunt times.

22 place at the sunt times.

23 place at the sunt times.

24 place at the sunt times.

25 place at the sunt times.

26 place at the sunt times.

27 place at the sunt times.

27 place at the sunt times.

28 place at the sunt times.

28 place at the sunt times.

28 place at the sunt times.

29 place at the sunt times.

20 place at t

#### NEWS AND NOTES

It has been reported that all activity from Johnston Island will cease in about a month's time. Watch for KJ6, if you haven't got it in your bag yet! (info VQ8CB is active as VQ8AB (from

5BY, 5RK). Askell SM4AWC/MM has been in

Askell Savawo Ann has been in Australian waters; will soon return to SM (from 5WO).

PK7ADM says he is active from Prince Frederik Island and requests QSL via R.S.G.B.—14 Mc. c.w. (from 7LZ, WSYY, Rod de Balfour).

ZD9AE is on each Saturday morning 14050, 1500 (G.M.T.?) (from W6YY). An LU expects to operate from Thalland-HS1, beginning September 29

(from W6YY).

VPSBR is on 21210 Kc. at about 2000z (from 7LZ, Rod de Balfour). These are reported to be active from Mauritius: VQ8AH (c.w.) and VQ8AR, VQ8AL (phone) (from W6YY). Ray Baty, better known as VR3A, is

now VK3AFB. Add VK4LR to the list of active s.s.b. stations (from 3WR).

#### QTHs OF INTEREST

QTHe OF INTEREST

from WEFY, the N.C.D.X.C., and VKS. AAR,
AFRI.—Above. Mohammed. 8 Roberts Market,
Proc. Proc. Particle Market,
Proc. Pa

23C.—W. Namer P. O. Geodegen, 1972.

23C.—W. Vord. S. Rue de Bourg. 1972.

1810.3 Ris—R. Vord. 1972.

#### ACTIVITIES

3.5 Me.: Yes, it has happened, no rej 3.6 Mc. 1cs, it has happened, no reports 7 Mc.: Bram 5AB spoke to HPSL\*. Eric BERS195 heard FBEZZ, JABAE, SAMAKH, UAIKAE, XWRAB, DLTCO, YUSFOP, UBSKAW, LZIKRU. John WIA-LS919 adds PA0OI, DL, and UA. Red de Ballour heard a number of WS on phone. SAHH heard OE.

WS on phone. SAHH neard OE.

14 Mc. CW: 20W: PYHRQ\*, LZIKPZ\*, CX1BZ\*, VPHKL\*, UAIKAE\*, URSUF\*, \$\$4AZ\*,
UBSUB\*, GCFFZC\*, UCZKAB\*, VK1GA\*, KV4AA\*, COZWD\*, U18KAA\*, Frank 2QL: PX1EX\*, VRAAA\*, and ACSQ, SMSKV, EASBK,
EASBF, EASBM, CPIAP, EASAM, YKI, PZI, VP-Hans J. Albrecht, 10 Belgravia Ave., Box Hill North, E.12, Vic. \* Call signs and prefixes worked.

BY VK3AHH\*

18. \$200. FANDY, CRASC JULYAN, 86462.
LERINA, LAUTE SAME OCKOY, LACE, 141.
LERINA, LAUTE SAME OCKOY, LACE, 141.
LERINA, LAUTE SAME OCKOY, LACE, 141.
LERINA, SAME OCKOY, LACE, 141.
SAME S

KZANW, S.B., 288. 3WE forwarded Reports of the Market State of the

PREDICTION CHART FOR OCT., 1956



KC4USA\* 4MW: KL7EDK\*, CNSGD\*, VESFI\*, VEMQI\*, XE2JK\*, VEZOQ\*, KV4AA\*, CPSEK\*, VEMN\*, VQHO\*, KCUJXA\*, KL7ALZ\*, KA-ZMB\*, Charles H. Therpe heard the following s.b. stations: KC4USA, KCUJSV, KL7EDK, KL7ALZ\*, KAZYC, KAZYA, XEMK, DLARM, GMMY, CZHQ, VQHO, SAZTP, plus a long list

AND ALLEGE SCHOOL SCHOO

HRZWC.
27/88 Me.: 3HG worked ZD4CF\*, ZS4HF\*,
Ws\*, G\*, SWO reports ZS6ZK\* and Ws\*. 7LZ
follows with ws\*. Red de Balleur adds ZM6AR
and Ws. Charles Thorpe heard WSNLC on s.s.b.
Rare QSLs were received by: 2AMB: PA6VB
(7 Mc.), EASDF, VQ5GC. 3JA: FS7RT, ZS9G.
SHI: YV5EB, VP5EM, TJPZ, TIZHP,
SHI: YV5EB, VP5EM, TJPZ, TIZHP, SHE, YWERL, UPSRE, UPSRE, THEF YALAM SWO, PSRET, YVOAR, ZSWO, ZSYC, HODDYNE, ZSWO, ZSYC, HODDYNE, ZSWO, ZSYC, HODDYNE, ZSWO, ZSYC, HODDYNE, ZSWO, ZSYC, THANKS TO WAYN, THE STREAM SWO, ZSWO, ZS STOP PRESS

#### VK9FN TO THE RESCUE Frank VK9FN, at Port Moresby, pick-

ed up distress signals from Danny Weil when his yacht developed engine trouble in wild seas south of the New Guinea mainland. Frank contacted the Civil which sent a launch to Danny's aid.

### D.X.C.C. LISTING

Listed below are the highest twelve members in each section. New members and those whose totals have been amended will also be shown.







No. ries 4 231 6 231 7 224 Call VK3JE VK3BZ VK2ACX VK4HR 231 224 224 211 209 VK2NS VK3HG 32 8 61

190

### YL CORNER

BY PHYL MONCUR

"TV FEVER"

a again, that same old glow in thei at same old not-with-you deeply en ook. The sort of look that makes you hat polite conversation is neither nee re desirable. We saw it some thirty rs ago when they first became inter

widthen have come to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used to be used. It is a second to be used.

iver.

ow, I had my own ideas about this TV
ness. I wasn't the slightest bit interested. states. I wan't the allahest bit interested was a state of the control of the con 

of nothing to give them for support.

We shool chatting in the half for a few minwe shool chatting in the half for a few minout coming up to see the test pattern. I shadseed, but said, "I suppose we'd better." By

a high explosive state. This test pattern still

a high explosive state. This test pattern still

see half a suppose we'd pattern still

see half a suppose we'd not be to be to be

seed to be programme would come on. Survey

see we'd There was only one thing for it,

went to be to be to be to be to be

well to be to be to be to be to be

to be to be to be to be to be

to be to be to be to be to be

to be to be to be to be

to be to be to be to be

to be to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

to be

sing. Our OMs didn't.
entually the programme came on. To my
rise it was very interesting, in fact it has
ever since. Mostly educational and travel
ever since. Mostly educational and travel
ns comfort of your own home, sitting in
favourite armchair beside your own cosy
At the conclusion of the programme, Marj
I retired to the kitchen, me frantically

Must put you wise to some of the terms are going to hear in connection with TV. Crow is not the black bird that sits on of the antenna, it's the screen where you of the antenna, it's the screen where you the pictures.

Ike is not the president of the United Stit's just another "toobe" (if you're America "vartve" (if you're English), and "bottle" you're dinkum Aussie). [So that's how sherry got into this story.—Ed.]

sherry got into this story.—McI.

Well girth, there is at least some consulation for the controlled and the



# 175 PHILLIP STREET, SYDNEY, BL 3954, BOX 3456, G.P.O.

# **Duralumin Aluminium Alloy** Tubing for Radio Aerials

\* LIGHT \* STRONG **★ NON-CORROSIVE** STOCKS NOW AVAILABLE FOR IMMEDIATE DELIVERY

ALL DIAMETERS—1" TO

RECOMMENDED FOR TELEVISION AND BEAM AERIALS

# GUNNERSEN ALLEN METALS

88-92 YARRA BANK ROAD, SOUTH MELBOURNE Telegrams: "Metals," Melbourne.

Phone: MX 4624 (9 lines)

#### FIFTY-SIX MEGACYCLES AND ABOVE

NEW SOUTH WALES

NEW SOUTH WALES

It is interesting to note that the first three
place getters in the surprise Scramble held on
Sunday night, 26th Aug., were all Z calls, the
full result of the contest being ZZCF is point.
ZZAC 18, ZZAG 17, ZIO 18, ZZBB 15, ZAZN
14, ZAPG 13, ZIX and ZZBD 12 ZANF 11, ZZCH
10, ZCS 2, ZBL 8, and ZZBD 12 ZANF 11, ZZCH

to More in Law and partner in Aster 11. 2020.

The Blidden Tr. Hum on 14 Mee. was well the blind to the blind

Computed at about midcables and all cars there in the computed of the VAL of the computed of the VAL of the value of value of the value of value of the value of value of the value of the

useful letts and heightal lecture.

The "Blackfull DO" to be held during the bry about of the property of the

#### VICTORIA

Nice care and thirty enthusiants competed in it was a very cold night. But nebedy seam to notice the temperature, you had don't have so that the seam of the cold night and the seam of the class. The had beetled pseudie for breast users up at the final beetled pseudie for breast users up at the final beetled pseudie for breast users up at the final beetled pseudie for breast users up at the final beetled pseudie for breast words. At fitted present the fox 31N found a wood. At fitted present the fox 31N found a breast word and the fitted pseudie for the fox 31N found at the fitted pseudie for the fox 31N found at the fitted pseudie for the fox 31N found at the fitted pseudie for the form and the fitted pseudie for the form and the fitted pseudie for the fitted pseudie for

one to catch the fox here was Tom 3AOG, who made his catch on foot. The only hound who was game enough to bring his car in past the pôlice station was Noel 3ANS, who had Bill 3AQB assisting him as navigator.

pellice station was Nord AASS, who had mill pellic station was Nord AASS, who had mill and a station of the sta

and entroyable lecture.

Jobes 2020, And 2020 and lan 2020 are proposed to the control of the co

frequencies.

Interest in t.v. seems to be fast developing among the Amateur fraternity. Graham 3ZAA is getting very satisfactory results from his home-brew t.v. rx and reports that he has now got a picture. Associate Ray Price is also working on a i.v. rx. Several are known to be working on a i.v. rx. Several are known to be useful from the requirement.

working on a Lv. re. Secretal are known to be Max EAAW with Fry LEAE and John 22AI Max EAAW with Fry LEAE and John 22AI tog out test on 1441 Mg. Contact was made tog out test on 1441 Mg. Contact was made they are to the property of the pr

WEFFEN AUTHALIA

THE STATE OF T

Frank. Rolo 6BO was the first of the bunch to arrive. The honds is still in the clodimus weather being still very chilly a fingle-still weather being still very chilly a fingle-still weather being still very chilly a fingle-still very child was a still very child with the still very child was a still very child very Activity on the bands is still in the doldrums,

### KIT SETS Are you interested in

standardised units or Kit Sets?

- CRYSTAL LOCKED CONVERTERS
- BASIC TRANSMITTER UNITS
- · FREQUENCY MULTI-PLIERS
- LINEAR AMPLIFIERS
- MODULATORS
- · POWER SUPPLIES
- · CONTROL UNITS
- Then watch these columns

under the magic sign



or Write or Phone

# GLORAD

ENGINEERING SERVICES

291a TOORONGA RD., S.E.6 MALVERN, VICTORIA

Phone: BY 3774

# FEDERAL, QSL, and



# **DIVISIONAL NOTES**

#### FEDERAL LT.U. CONFERENCE

An overwhelming majority of member-nation of the of

It is vitally important to recognise that the recognise that the successful outcome of international radio onferences. Frequencies must be provided for is in the basic allocation table; otherwise there vould be no Amateur Radio service.

The International Telecommunication Union s an association of nations who wish to come o agreement on rules and regulations for the fficient use of radio communication facilities. In the communication facilities had not been supported by the content runners may officially participate in confer-nces and have the right to vote.

Beese and nave the ragin to vote-cented at the Deah months of the delegation. Deah months of the delegation and content of the delegation and content of the delegation and the delegations; others appoint, in addition, expert representatives of individual radio expert representatives of the delegation and the delegation of the delegation and t

SUCCESSFUL AMATEUR CANDIDATES The following is a list of candidates who were successful at the examination for the Amateur Operator's Certificate and Amateur Operator's Limited Certificate held on 19th July, '86.

New South Wases

J. E. Hughes, McKay St., Macksville, S. D. Glyde, Private Bag, Bowraville, 2.C.

B. K. Burton, The Manse, Wee Wan, Walgett, S. D. F. Collie, Boyce Ave., Wyong, R. C. Prout, 9 Agnes St., Mayfield, Newcastle, G. L. C. Jenkins, No. 1 B.F.T.S., R.A.A.F.,

G. L. C. Jenkins, No. 1 Derion, W. W. U. Snagters, 12 Henrietts St., Waverley, J. D. Mart. Hills, Newline Rd., West Pennant, L. Rath, 80/32 Flora St., Sutherland, G. B. McLeod, 44 Monro Ave., Kirrawee, Mrs. M. Eagles, 41 Cotswold Rd., Strathfield, J. K. Dohetty, 37 Harbour Es, Monsma.

. J. A. McLachlan, P.O. Box 37, Leongatha. J. Beames, 502 Ligar St., Bellarat. E. S. Day, Youle St., Boort. Somerville, 6 Clark St., Casterton. H. Chapman, 15 Corona St., Nth. Balwyn. Williams, 62 Wattle Valley Rd., Canter-

<sup>o</sup>L B. Crisp, 69 Northeliffe Rd., Edithvale. <sup>o</sup>G. L. Monsbourough, 6 Malvern Rd., Mont Albert. Queensland

B. Whitmee, 104 Cairns St., Cairns. D. M. McG. Portley, 35 Oxlade Drive, Newfarm,

Brisbane.

Brisbane.

Beale, 2 Duncan St., Hill End.

B. Doran, 400 Zillmere Rd., Zillmere.

N. Long, 12 Rilatt St., Wavell Heights, Brisbane.
P. Ward, 11 Melville Ter., Wynnum.
D. Campbell, 34 Evadne St., Graceville.

South Australia

T. P. Drake, 34 Balfour St., Nailsworth. G. P. Tuck, 57 Cowra St., Mile End, Adelaide W. H. John, 14 Shiriey Ave., Woodville West \*E. Westerman, 15 Central Ave., Clearville. \*G. J. Muirhead, 14 Adelaide St., Magil. Western Australia

°R. G. Smith, C/o. Broadcast Station 6TZ, A. J. McCarthy, 81 Napier St., Cottesloe. \*J. R. Bartlett, 28 Windsor St., East Perth.

Tasmania
R. K. Wilson, 11 Cunningham St., Burnie,
C. R. Pearce, 39 Beach St., Bellerive,
T. G. Barnes, Cotteswold, Main Rd., Taroona. \* Qualified for Limited Certificate.

The above list does not include candidates who, although they failed in the examination for a full certificate, qualified in the subjects for a limited certificate. Such candidates are sessed with a limited certificate on application.

FEDERAL QSL BUREAU

The League of Radio Amateurs of Mozam-oique (L.R.E.M.) have made available a new ward to be know as "W-CR7-A" for any oreign Amateur Station submitting proof of awing worked 15 leensed CR7 stations, either having worked 15 licensed CR7 stallons, either in phone or cw., in any Anateur bands. Content of the phone or cw., in any Anateur bands. Content of the phone or companied by a list, but if any QRO has not been confirmed, this may be card to be content of the phone of the phone

Lourenco Marques, Mosambique.

Jim Pershouse, VSZDQ, advises the present
addresses of the following:—Ex VSCT, VSCT, P. Green. 115
Ex VSGT, VSSCT, ZCSCT,—P. Green. 115
Ex VSIGN, VSSGD, VSSGS, ZCSGN-G. M.
Slone, West View Cottage, Freshford,
Ex VSGN, West View Cottage, Freshford,
Ex VSGN, West View Cottage, Freshford,
Ex VSGN, Puriey, Surrey, U.K.
Ex ZGCA-I, Harits, 24 Braid Hills Road,
Zdinburgh 10, Scotland.

Ex 200.0.1. Horsing at Speak SIMIs Road.

I'm also states: Reporting VIS Nober Isind, a popular place for pirate calls to opp,

I'm also states: Reporting VIS Nober Isind, a popular place for pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate of the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate of the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate of the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate of the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate of the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate of the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to opp the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to opp the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to opp the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to opp the pirate calls to opp,

to the pirate calls to opp the pirate calls to opp

FEDERAL AWARDS W.A.V.K.C.A. AWARD

Certificates have been awarded to M. Boat-man, WSAWT, and D. A. G. Edwards, G3DO. Total certificates issued is 37. NEW COUNTRY

The island of Nauru has been added to the list and credit will be given for creditable con-firmations dated on or after 15/11/45. APPLICATIONS FOR D.X.C.C.

Applicants are again requested to read the ules regarding the form in which the applica-tion should be made. Too many applications have had to be rejected of late because no atten-tion has been paid to this matter. G. Weynton, VK3XU, Awards Manager.

### NEW SOUTH WALES

We should weether your series who was a series of the committeests. Set, Lee Jenkhar, at other committeests, Set, Lee Jenkhar, and Set, Lee Jenkhar, and Set, Lee Jenkhar, and Set, Lee Jenkhar, and Jenkha SOUTH WESTERN SONE

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORS An interesting film night was held in the Film Theatrette of the Canberra Radio Club on 10/8/55 and about 20 were present. These nights have proved quite popular with the XYLs and

preved onte produir with the XTLE seed
Trom August II to 18 the Construction of
The State of the State of the State of
The State of the State of the State of
The State of the State of the State of
The State of the State of the State of
The State of the State of
The State of the State of
The State of the State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The State of
The

ing to the DX that they are not entargue attentions.

Attentions that they are not entargue at the form of the for COALFIELDS AND LAKES

COALFIELDS AND LAKES

Bob XKF doing some re-building, also active
on 144, 25 and 21 Mc; has a WARN doing
expects to be active shortly, activity some chain
and of the control of the control of the control
control of the control of the control
on 144 and 21 Mc. Major 201 also
with the tv, set-up, but finds time to get on
the altr fairty regularly. Harry 27L painting
the aback, so ny time on the airs is limited. VICTORIA

At the general meeting Alan Foxcroft, 3AE, gave a very interesting lecture on "Sunspot Creles and DX Activity" to an addence of approx. A following the subject very the reading of prediction charts and he illustrated his lecture with many slides which had prepared and also many blackboard dia-

#### W.I.A. VICTORIAN DIV. ANNUAL STATE CONVENTION

will be held at LEONGATHA

3rd and 4th NOVEMBER, '56

Forward Agenda Items to the Hon. Sec., Vic. Div., 191 Queen Street, Melbourne, immediately.

For accommodation contact Ron Jardine, VK3PR, at 8 Blackmore Avenue, Leongatha.

grams, At the conclusion of the lecture another hard hour passed while members fired him to be a series of the lecture of the

cliebte, meers, to recovering to be held on and closer at the Radio School of the Royal Melbourne Technical College tentative arrangement of the Rayal Melbourne Technical College tentative arrangement of the Rayal Forgman work. Service of the Rayal Forgman work. Service the Annual M.I.A. Dinner, which this year will be known as the Olympic Dinner, will be held on idth and the College Dinner, will be held on idth Tickets are expected to be approx. 25.

Tickets are expected to be approx. 25.

The State Convention is scheduled to be

Now, at the Terrine of Wales Hoofs, it Kildle.

The Committee of the State of the Committee of the Committee

VICTORIAN DIVISION ACTIVITIES

weight in a world to the winner or earning and the summer months. Date are adverted over TWI flundsy with a world of the winner of these countries of the winner of these centrals are also awarded to the winner of these centrals are also awarded to the winner of these centrals are also awarded to the winner of these centrals are also awarded to the winner of the wi

minute.

Book and Instrument Libraries are available on financial members and are open for use when he Administrative Secretary, Mrs. May, is in titendance at the rooms on Tuesdays, Thurslays and Fridays between 10 and 4.30 p.m. Felephone number at the rooms is MY 1037.

State Convention at Leongatha, 3rd and 4th

#### HIGH FIDELITY FOR THE AMATEUR!

We all inherently have the capacity to enjoy music to some degree or another. It is therefore natural that the Amateur—a qualified technician in his own right—would apply his knowledge of Radio and Electronics to constructing his own High Fidelity Equipment for the home music installation when time permits. But even if his time is preciously applied in other directions he can still purchase ready-built equipment to provide for the family requirements in musical reproduction from gramophone records, tape recorders and wide-range tuners for enjoying the ultimate from the high class transmissions which are radiated from the modern broadcasting station.

William Willis & Co. Pty. Ltd. supply high quality components for the home construction of modern amplifiers and tuners as well as custom built equipment.

We shall be pleased to discuss your problems with you and give expert advice regarding your choice of components or completed equipment. We can give you information on such equipment as:

\* Byer Tape Recorders.

\* Leak Amplifiers, Tuners and Pick-ups.

\* Grampian Amplifiers and Speakers. \* M.B.H. (Harris) Pick-ups and Amplifiers.

\* Goodmans Loudspeakers.

\* Barker "Duode" Loudspeakers. \* Leak "Duad" Loudspeakers.

\* One-Way, Two-Way and Three-Way Loudspeaker Systems. \* Loudspeaker Cross-Over Networks.

\* Quad II. Amplifiers, Tuners and Tone Compensator Units. \* All types of Loudspeaker Enclosures and Control Con-

sole Cabinets. \* Orpheus Transcription Turntables.

These are some of the "brand names" in high fidelity custom-build equipment when the source of the second of the s

Trimax Transformers.

\* Ironcore Transformers. \* National Transformers.

\* A & R Transformers.

\* High Fidelity Output Transformers.

\* Belling and Lee Electronic Components. \* Bulgin Electronic Components.

\* Teletron Valve Sockets and Shields.

\* I.R.C. and Eric Carbon and High Stability Resistors. \* U.C.C., Hunts, Dubilier and Ducon Condensers of all types.

\* Philips, Mullard, Radiotron, Brimar Valves.

\* Geloso, Labor, Zephyr Microphones. \* Lumolite Neon Indicators.

\* And many other High Quality Components which go to make a success of your equipment.

In other words we can fit the home constructor for his custom-built requirements.

Transact must experience have always been with us, but with the advent of new light-weight pick-ups, wide-range tuners, wide-range speakers, high quality components and high efficiency products generally, home-built music systems have definitely reached the "high fidelity" stage and are becoming more and more popular compared with the older type "radiogram" which left so much to be desired.

So see us when you are planning your high fidelity home music system so that we can give you the best your pocket can afford • THE HOUSE OF QUALITY PRODUCTS

& CO. PTY. LTD.

428 BOURKE ST., MELBOURNE, C.1

Phone: MU 2426

#### NEW BOOK!

# "HIGH FIDELITY"

#### THE HOW AND WHY FOR AMATEURS

by G. A. BRIGGS, assisted by R. E. COOKE, B.Sc. (Eng.), as Technical Editor

As the title implies, this non-technical book is intended for amateurs, but it should also interest those who have not yet joined the ranks of amateurs and are merely contemplating a step in the direction of better sound reproduction in the home.

190 PAGES 65 ILLUSTRATIONS BOUND FULL REXINE FINE ART PAPER PRICE: 20/-Postage 1/-DE LUXE EDITION

BOUND IN RED LEATHER PRICE: 27/6 Postage 1/3

MAIL ORDERS BY RETURN

# McGILL'S AUTHORISED NEWSAGENCY

Est. 1860 "The Post Office is opposite" 183-185 ELIZABETH STREET, MELBOURNE, C.1, VICTORIA Phones: MV 1475-6-7

# NEW! Top Quality A. & R. Power Transformers

The latest in its field in Rull to a high standard, ret reasonably priced, the NYR ange of Power Tunnfermers has been excelled seedinged to conferm with the existing high quality of other A. & H. Fredeste.

1. Product.

1. Pro consistence. As insurance, an types are mounted in attractive vertical pressed sized covers, finished in A. & R.\*\*, standard sliver gray. Leads are terminated on clearly designated terminate boards. A. & R. Distributors! Our Distributors will be pleased to supply data sheets detailling the A. & R. standard range.



Туре 1776 175 Ma. D.C. Sec. Volts: 285-C.T.-285 325-C.T.-325 350-C.T.-350 Type 1763 100 Ma. D.C. Sec. Volts: 300-C.T.-300 325-C.T.-325 385-C.T.-385 1764 1778 1765 285-C.T.-285 300-C.T.-300 1779 385-C.T.-385 1766 125 350-C.T.-350 400-C.T.-400 1767 1780 200 1768 1781 450-C.T.-450 1769 1782 Type 1400 250 Ma. D.C. Sec. Volts: 565, 500, 425 each side C.T 150 -285 -C.T.-350 Type 1371 300 Ma. D.C. (400 Ma. Inter-mittent Rating) Sec. Volts: 1000, 850, 750 600, 500 each

#### Types 1763 to 1782 Vertical Mountings with Terminal Boards. ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT

378 ST. KILDA ROAD, MELBOURNE, VICTORIA Victoria: Homecrafts P/L., J. H. Magrath & Co. P/L., Radio Parts P/L., W. Ltd. Sth. Aust.: Gerard & Goodman Ltd., 196 Rundle St., Adelaide. Q46... A Brisbane: Messrs. Chandlers P/L., Cr. Albert & Charlotte Sts., Brisbane. W. Hay St., Perth. Tas.: Homecrafts P/L., 220 Elizabeth St., Hobart. N.S.W.: U: 175 Phillip St., Sydney: Homecrafts P/L., 100 Clarence St., Sydney.



Type 1400 Horizontal; Type 1371 Vertical with Top Term. Board

APPEARANCE

s 2.5 Volt Filament W.D.G.

Central Western Zone Convention at Stawell, Sunday, 30th September. South Western Zone Convention at Ballarat on 13th and 14th October. Contact R. G. Row-land, 3GR, 19 Inkerman St., Ballarat, if you desire to book accommodation for the week-end. Olympic Dianer: 16th November.

SOUTH WESTERN TONE

The zone is still keeping fairly active, there were quite a lot on for the R.D. Contest and the Sunday morning hook-ups are being well attended by the majority, but we would be very pleased if someone from Ballart could come on each Sunday morning at 1000 hours. very pleased it someone from Ballant could be a supported by the control of the c

NORTH EASTERN ZONE

Bruce MAGG has caushed quant in potential to make the property of the prop

Blokking in terms of good reta. Worders never cases, Jule MACK has been Worders never cases, Jule MACK has been on the sin. Vern JAXW, Andy JFD and he is on the sin. Vern JAXW, Andy JFD and he is on the sin. As well considered on a recent for the sin. As well as well as the sin. As wel

CENTRAL WESTERN ZONE

CENTRAL WESTERN ZONE
Our Convention will be held in Stawell on
Sunday, 30th Sept. Meeting place will be at
the corner of Main and Patrick Sts. at 11 a.m.
After the midday meal the programme will
consist of a tx hunt on 80 mx, also a scramble
on 40 mx and 2 mx. These activities will commence at 2 p.m.

sence at 2 p.m.

Our annual meeting will take place after the
vening meal with perhaps a short film to
slillow, a general raghew and supper; expectsave travelled a long distance to get to respecve homes before it is too late. Everybody will
e welcome, so chaps get your mobile gest
not proceed to Stawell on 30th Sept. Also
lease let me 14AKW, W. J. Kinsella, Magdala,
slubeck) krows at to what meals and accomspecific process as to what meals and accomspecific process. tesse let me tankw, w. J. Kniselia, maguaia, wheck! know as to what meals and accom-lodation will be required as soon as possible. Merv. 3AFO, of Horsham, is at present bol-laying in VRS land so we wish you. Nora and family an enjoyable holiday and a good trip.

#### EASTERN ZONE

Ron 3PF still keeping Leongaths on the map wise on 10 and 2 mx. David 3DY is back on most after having an operation and we all with not been heard on the fine of the first one of the most been heard on the zone for a long time at he is more or less a city identity, now; the the moment, running 25w to an 807 and working plenty of DX. Grabam 3QZ is back on and we are all hoping to see some fine colour sides as a result of that translates are not seen and we are all hoping to see some fine colour sides as a result of that trap. A visitor in the

GEELONG AMATEUR RADIO CLUB

OBLIGONO AMATRUE RADIO CLUB
The first field up for this year was held in
The first field up for this year was held in
The first field up for this year
Total ARE. The winner was 'Vis. Clutte, Cleavill
The winner was 'Vis. Clutte, Cleavill
The Most Cycle Chois Indian reliability trial.
The Choise Indian reliability Choise Indian

#### QUEENSLAND

BRISBANE AND DISTRICT

QUEENSLAND

BRISTAND AND DIFFECT

Thisly 40Hz, who is convening our TV-1

to the convening our TV-1

t

TOWNSVILLE.

The meeting for August was provily attended, the season that year are not running true to form at the present time, epitic has not at the present time, epitic has not been depended as a season that year are not running true to form at the present time, epitic has not been depended as the control of the co

MARYBOROUGH The local day-line looks like being improved by the soldishes of the local day-line looks like being improved by the soldishes and the local day local active at the moment on 14 Mc. phone and c.w. Newcomer, the moment on 14 Mc. phone and c.w. Newcomer, Cocheber. Plans to work on 2 mx. 4Al, who has two daughters, recently became the proud father of a son.

#### SOUTH AUSTRALIA The August general meeting was members' display night, that is a display of members' own

display night, that is a display of members own gear, not the members themselves: a bumper house including visitors GSIHC, GSGNI, Tom SGD, and Messrs. Fisher, Cann. Watts, Evans and Barker, and lastly but not least our old pal Bob SRI and Peter 9RM who has come

and the west of the second sec

O'All abding of A meter. As note, piece of seeks converted no 2 m. The second of the converted no 2 m. The second of the second

m. By the way, chaps, keep your addresses to QSL Manager and a small cash balance enable quick despatch of cards.

to enable quick despatch of cruds.

An interesting term this mostly follows conan interesting term that mostly follows conEm EM on 28th July last. This follows much
than 18th on 28th July last. This follows much
be to the control of the control of the conbon. The most last last last last last last
boom. Reg used an EM, with 18th input, indiboom. Reg used an EM, with 18th input, indiboom last last last last last last last
boom last last last last last last
boom last last last last last
boom last last last last
boom last last last
boom last
b

ice through to Gawler recently; Rex 5KY, Ern 5EN, Austin 5WO and Bob 5WI keep in touch

BEN, Auttin BWO and now o're the part of t

on 2 mx.

Frank BMZ is off to VKX, leaving here on 13th

Colobe, by one with 34 senior girls passing

staying at Victoria Coffee Palace where he

would be pleased to meet any VKX boys. He

would be pleased to meet any VKX boys. He

competitions and can be found at the South

Street Hall. Look for the egg shell blonde,

chans, and don't let the Preston boys have it

NORTH WESTERN ZONE

The hird amount general meeting of the first hird amount general meeting of the deat, Ron SFY Secretary, and David ZDD General Revision of the Revision of the

All "Gamblers' meeting before last Claude
All "Gamblers' meeting before last Claude
the new power sixting equipment, and followed
the new power sixting equipment, and followed
to the power sixting sixting the second of the
control of the sixting sixting sixting and
heard yet, his re-brille greeword his recontrol of the sixting sixting sixting and
heard yet, his re-brille greeword his recontrol of the sixting sixting sixting and
heard yet, his re-brille greeword his
like with the sixting sixting sixting sixting
have and see first on the yet of the
heard first control of the sixting has voice
heard first control of the sixting has voice
heard first control of the sixting sixting sixting
have been a goodness known how many
with vew beams goodness known how many
with yet beam a goodness known how many
with yet beam a goodness known how many
have been a goodness known how many
have

#### WESTERN AUSTRALIA

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

The Divisional needing for Austral was better
that recent are tray to G land. Monkers had
been about to first a form of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control of the control of the control
to the control
to the control of the control
to th

#### TASMANIA

NORTH WESTERN ZONE

The annual general meeting of the North Western Zone was held at Ulverstone on 21st August, a goodly number being in attendance. I did count them at one stage, but they appeared to me to double towards the end of the evening, so now I'm not sure.

percent in one to denote towers, the end of the percent is not to denote towers. The end of the percent is the percent in the percent is the percent in the

### CORRESPONDENCE

The opinions expressed in these letters are the individual opinions of the writer, and do not necessarily coincide with those of the publishers.

WOOMERA AMATEUR RADIO CLUB

WOOMERA AMATEUR BADIO CLUB

STORY AND THE STATE OF THE ST ides of a har radio club at Woomera. It was always his with to be present at the It was always his with to be present at the activation of the series day and the series days during which he established construction of the series days during which he established construction of the series of the series of the series days of his old strating that he had not lost any of his old skill or enthulam. The Club has a great do to thank him for, and I would like this to be placed on record in your John.—A. G. PITHER. [We thank Group Captain A. G. Pither for this additional information. Mr. W. A. S. Bute-ment's call sign is now VK3AD,—Ed.]

#### NATIONAL FIELD DAY CONTEST

NATIONAL FIELD DAY CONTEST
Editor "AR." Deer Sir,
I would like to take advantage of the invitaI would like to take advantage of the invitaRadio" to improve and to further interest in the
National Field Day Contest. I have myself
Radio Society of Great Britain N.P.D. Contests,
and I am sure that perusal of the copy of these
the contest committee, will be of considerable belo to them in their efforts to increase interest
in the next Australian Contest.

in the next Australian Contest.

In the next Australian Contest.

The contest of the property of a work (or only).

In the property of the property constituted new used to the property constituted to property of the property of the property constituted to property of the property of th

bends scoring I point for fixed stations in the British Island. 2 for Excess 2 contailed Enroyal Country. 1, 4 and 11 points respectively for the points, 1, 4 and 11 points respectively for the points. 1, 4 and 11 points respectively for the points. 1, 4 and 11 points respectively for the points. 1, 4 and 11 points respectively for the points. 1, 4 and spect, interest from the will ultimately follow.

Frank E. Atkins, VK3AFE.

[The Technical Editor would be pleased to receive articles dealing with the construction of any equipment of this type.—Ed.]

#### STOP PRESE MISSING DIVISIONAL NOTES

Publication date was put back this month owing to the postal delay, but unfortunately some Divisional Notes had not arrived prior to going to press.

#### HAMADS

1/- per line, minimum 3/-. Advertisements under this heading will only be accepted from Institute Members who desire to come the state of the mouth, and remittance must accompany advertisement. Calculation of cost is based on an average of six words a line. Dealers advertisements not accepted in this column.

FOR SALE: Command Tx 5.3-7 Mc., Less 1625s and xtal, £3. Command 1x 5.3-7 Mc, Less 1625s and xtal, £3. Command Rx 6-9.1 Mc, fils. re-wired for 12v., £5. Bendix Genemotor (never used), input 28v. 1.6 amps. output 230v. 100 Ma, £1/10/-. L. T. White, 50 Baker Pde, Ashburton, S.E.11, Vic. (BL 4162).

FOR SALE: Two 40 ft. 4 x 4 oreg masts complete with guys. Also 522 Rx modified, bandspread. Offers? D. Turner, 2 Orion St., Nth. Balwyn, Vic.

FOR SALE: Xtals, many freqs., mostly FT243 holders. All £1 ea. Write for list. T. R. Naughton, Box 80, Birchip, Vic.

SELL: Com. Rx AMR100 complete with modified BC453 Q5er, good con-dition, £35. M. H. Meyers, 109 Spring-dale Rd., Killara, N.S.W. (JX 2956).

WANTED: Eddystone S640, S680, or 750, any condition, no fancy prices. Par-ticulars to A. C. Hawker, P.O. Box 35, Dimboola, Vic.

WANTED: Handbook or circuits of

Panoramic Interceptor Rx PAR4, AR7 Rx Kingsley, D. Gibb, Morgan St., Mt. Morgan, Qld.



# **AMATEURS'** BARGAIN CENTRE

# Buy Your Test Equipment Homecrafts' Easy Terms

MAKE YOUR OWN CHASSIS WITH HOMECRAFTS

#### ALUMINIUM CHASSIS BLANKS Cinco available

Sizes available—	
5 x 3 x 2 5/1	
6 x 4 x 2 5/9	
8 x 5 x 2½ 7/9	
10 x 6 x 2½ 9/3	All
11 x 8 x 2½ 11/1	Plus
13 x 7 x 2½ 11/1	25% Tax
13 x 10 x 2½ 13/9	Tax
17 x 8 x 3 17/1	
17 x 10 x 3 19/0	
17 x 12 x 3 20/7	

CLEARANCE OF

BLACK CRACKLE					
PUNCHED CHAS	SIS				
7 Valve Radiogram type, 14½ x 8½ x 2½ inch	8/11				
5 Valve Radiogram type, 13 x 9 x 3 inch	8/11				
6 Valve Radiogram type, 12½ x 8¾ x 3 inch	8/11				
Tuner Chassis, 13½ x 7½ x 3 inch	8/11				
Portable type, 12 x 5 x 1 <sup>3</sup> inch	6/11				
Portable type, 9¼ x 5 x 1¼ inch	6/11				
Mantel 4 Valve Chassis, 8½ x 5½ x 2¼ inch	8/11				
Mantel 5 Valve Chassis, 12 x 6 x 1¾ inch	9/11				

# Place Your Order Now For UNIVERSITY TV

3 inch C.R.O., type TVR-C3, £56 plus tax 5 inch C.R.O., type TVR-C5, £120 plus tax Pattern Generator, type TVR-PG £60 plus tax Vacuum Tube Voltmeter.

type TVR-EV £49 plus tax Field Strength Indicator, type TVR-FS .... £48 plus tax

AC/DC Multimeter, 20K O.P.V. TVR-MM ... £29/10/- plus tax

Other useful Instruments are the MVA-2 AC/DC Multimeter, £17/10/- plus tax U.B.A. R.C. Tester, £34 plus tax T.S.T. Valve and Circuit

£58 plus tax Tester B.T.B. Dry Battery Tester, £10/10/- plus tax

Taylor T.V. Sweep Oscillator. 92A £59/6/9 plus tax Taylor Valve Tester, 45C

£56/9/6 plus tax Taylor R.C. Oscillator, 191A. £59/6/9 plus tax

Palec S.G.1 Signal Generator. £107/10/- plus tax Palec M32 AC/DC Multimeter. £17/18/6 plus tax Palec OM2 Ohmmeter,

£11/12/6 plus tax All above Instruments may be bought on Hire Purchase.

#### BARGAINS

200 ohm H.D. W.W. Pots, 9/11 15-Core Cable .... 3/6 vd. Wire Wound Pots 1 000 2 500 and 10.000 ohms ......... 3/11

Assorted Speaker Windings. 20/- doz. Push-on type Knobs .... 5/- doz. 100 Ma. 30 H. Chokes

500 ohm Headphone Windings, 2/3 each Miniature Pull Cord Switches.

3/11 each Foot Press Switches .... 6/11 10/40 Electrolytic Conden., 1/11

300/12 Electrolytic Condensers. 5/- doz. Miniature 3-Gang Conden., 19/11 5BP1 C.R. Sockets .... 2/6

4 Meg. Switch Pots .... 4/11 Paper Recording Tape, .... 25/-1.200 ft. Round Bakelite Boxes. suit 6 inch Speaker .... 2/-

### CHASSIS PUNCHES

Hammer Screw Type Type 1/2 inch ..... 18/-20/-5/8 inch ..... 18/-20/-3/4 inch ..... 21/-26/4 1 inch ...... 27/-39/4 1-3/16 inch .... 30/-43/4 Enquire about our Chassis Punch

Hire Service

LONSDALE STREET, MELBOURNE FB 3711



# FOR ACCURATE MATCHING AND MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY—

# WODEN MULTI-MATCH MODULATION TRANSFORMERS





- Potted type compo
- Universal application.
- Primary impedance range—2,000 ohms to 18,000 ohms.
- Secondary impedance range—200 ohms to 21,000 ohms.
- Highest efficiency—lowest weight per watt.
- Easy to solder heavily silver plated tags.
- Above or below chassis wiring.
- Capacity—30 to 250 watts as under:

List No.	Audio Watts	Watts RF Input	Max. Sec. Current	L. O	verall S W.	ize H.		ight ozs.	Price incl. Sales Tax
UM1	30	60	120 Ma.	31,"	x 31"	x 35"	5	8	£6/13/0
UM2	60	120	200 Ma.	51" :	x 41"	x 51"	11	8	£9/9/6
UM3	120	240	250 Ma.	51" :	x 51"	x 51"	14	8	£10/15/6
UM4	250	500	400 Ma.	101"	x 64"	x 83"	41	0	£28/18/0

## For Minimum Hum - Maximum Efficiency



#### WODEN MICROPHONE TRANSFORMERS

Enclosed in a drawn heat-treated case of heavy gauge mu-metal, this type MT Microphone Transformer is suitable for use where MINIMUM HUM pick-up and MAXIMUM EFFICIENCY is required. It is designed for use with a moving coil microphone from 15-30 ohms impedance and on type MTI01 the centre tap of the primary is connected to one side of the secondary and earth. One hole fixing allows rotation for minimum hum pick-up. Dimensions: 1' dia, x 1½' long, One hole fixing: 7/16' dia. hole. Type MTI01 Ratio 50: 1 overall. Price & 23/14/6 includ. Sales Tax.

Available from selected wholesale houses in all States!

AUSTRALIAN FACTORY REPRESENTATIVES: R. H. CUNNINGHAM PTY. LTD.

118 WATTLETREE ROAD, ARMADALE, S.E.3, VIC.
and 184 VICTORIA ROAD, DRUMMOYNE, N.S.W.